

# **Status of SPEE Monograph 4**

**&**

# **The Importance of Transient Flow in Estimating Unconventional Reserves**

**Denver SPEE chapter luncheon**  
**14 October 2015**

**John Seidle**  
**MHA Petroleum Consultants**



Or

# How I became a modified Arps agnostic.

# **Status of SPEE Monograph 4 – Estimating Developed Reserves in Unconventional Reservoirs**

- **6 of 10 chapters – final edits in progress**
- **4 of 10 chapters – revised drafts due 1 November**
- **Final manuscript to SPEE 1 December?**
- **Sister society review?**
- **Publication 1Q 2016?**

# **Developed Reserves Historically Estimated with Decline Curves**

## **Decline curve assumptions**

- 1. Constant bottomhole flowing pressure**
- 2. Constant drainage area**
- 3. Constant permeability and wellbore condition**
- 4. Constant fluid properties**
- 5. Well in boundary-dominated flow (BDF)**

**The Problem – Unconventional wells can  
take years to reach BDF**

**The Solution – Rate Transient Analysis (RTA)**

# **The Problem – RTA requires rates and pressures**

# **The Solution – Semi-empirical models**

# **Current semi-empirical transient flow models**

- 1. Arps**
- 2. Modified Arps**
- 3. Duong**
- 4. Stretched Exponential Decline Model (SEDM)**

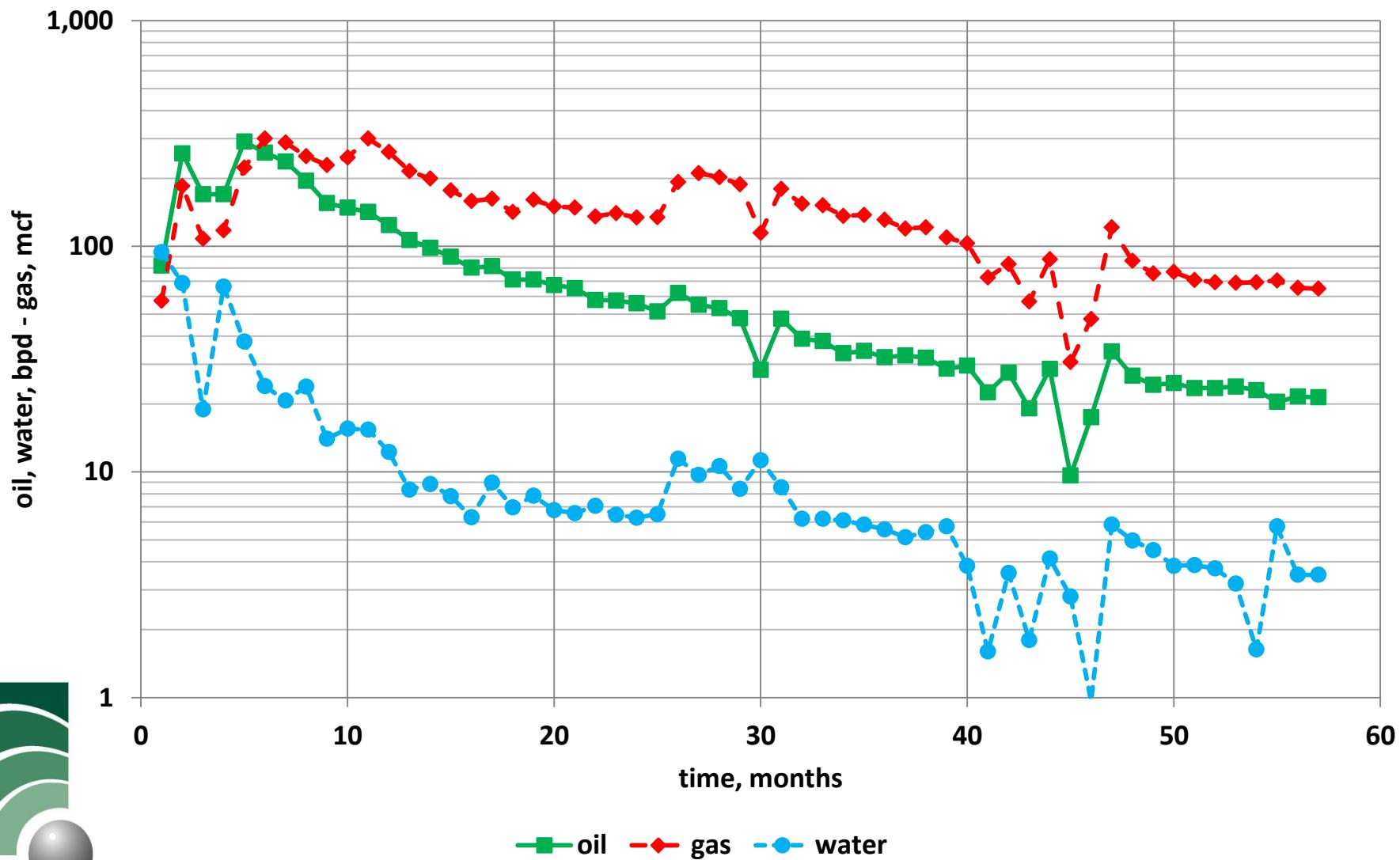
**These models can accurately forecast future well performance, even when the well is in transient flow.**

# Or can they?

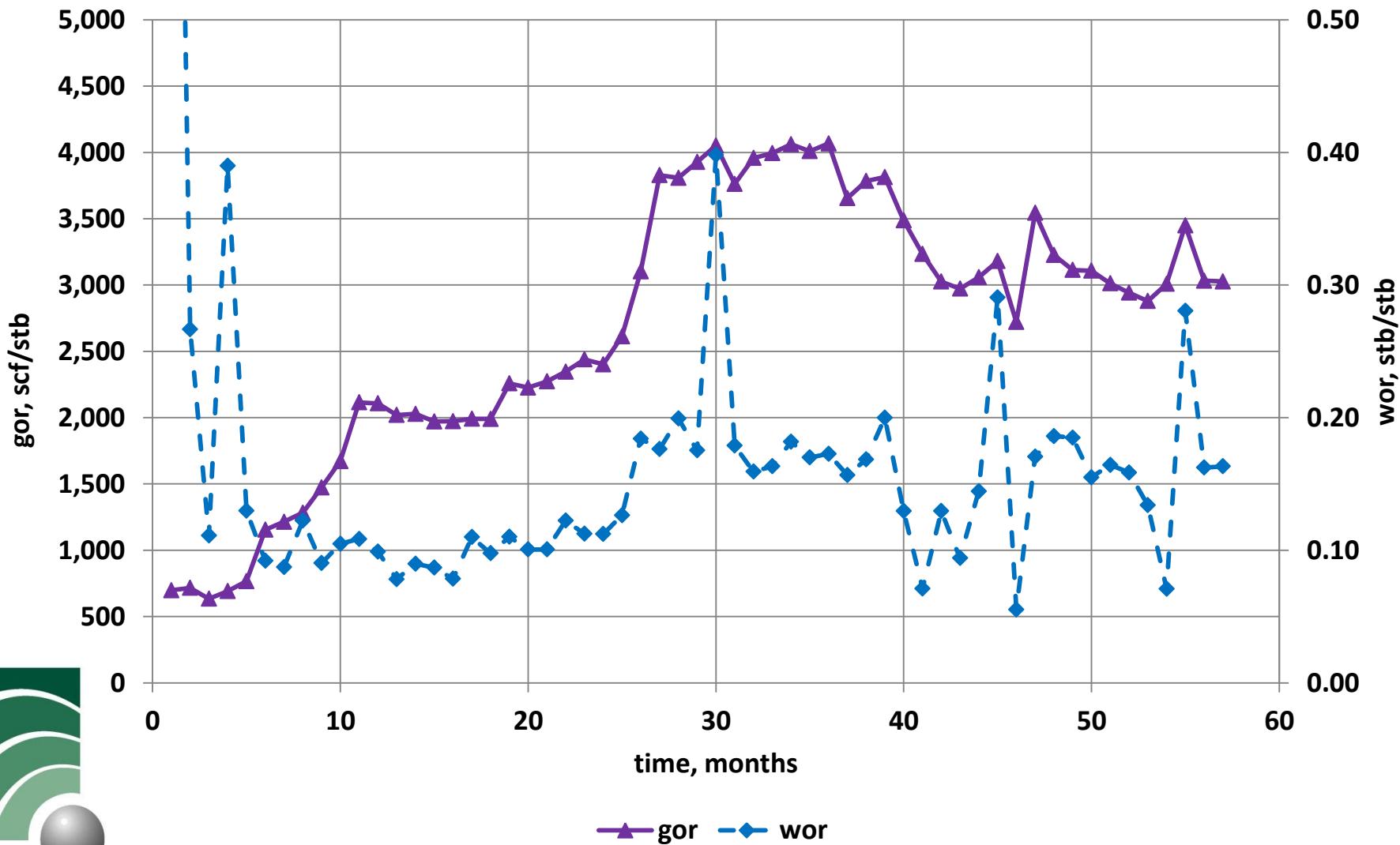
# **DJ Niobrara horizontal well – four analyses**

- 1. Full history – 4.7 years – The Truth**
- 2. 6 months production data**
- 3. 1 year production data**
- 4. 3 years production data**

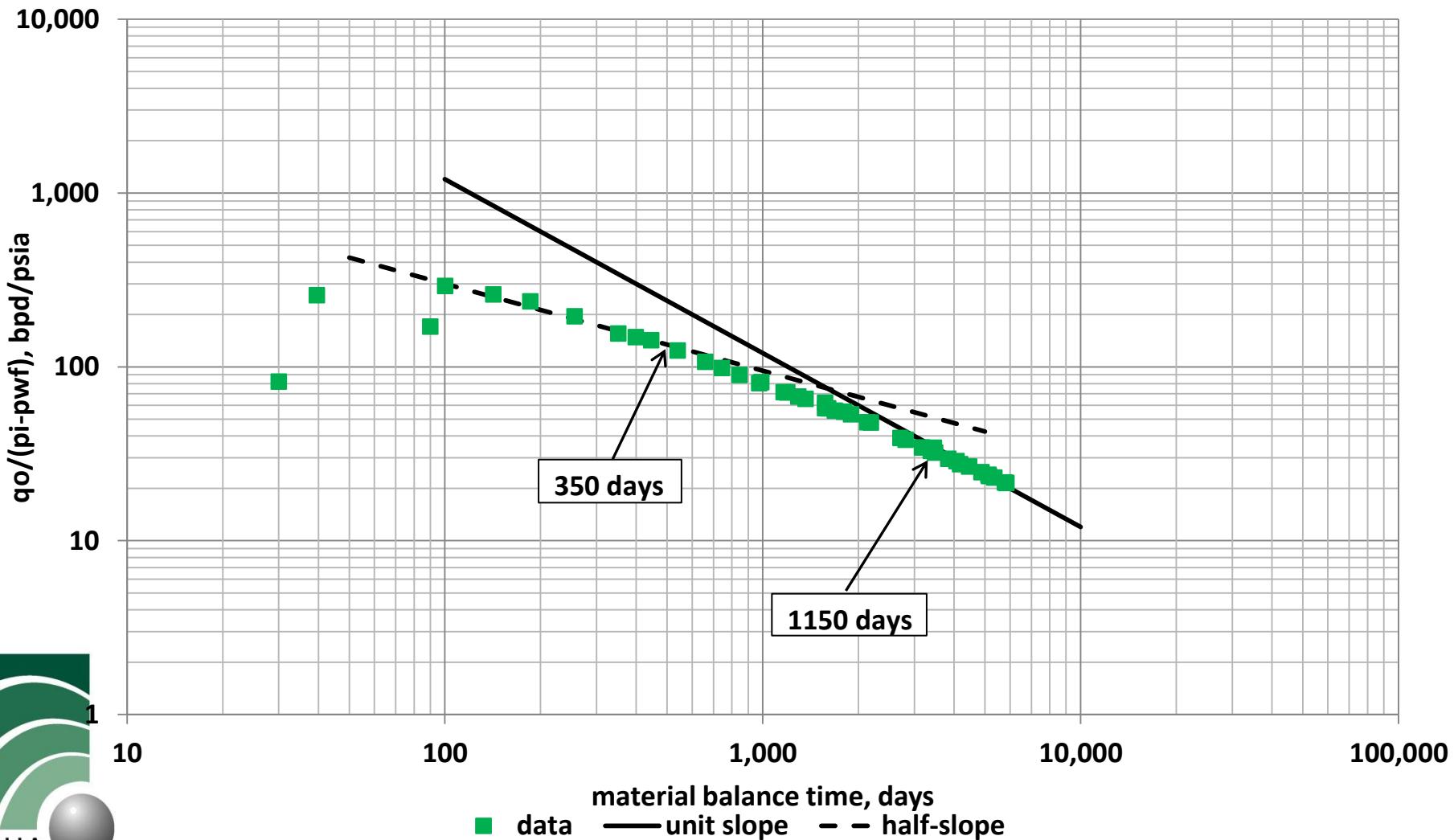
# Full history – production data



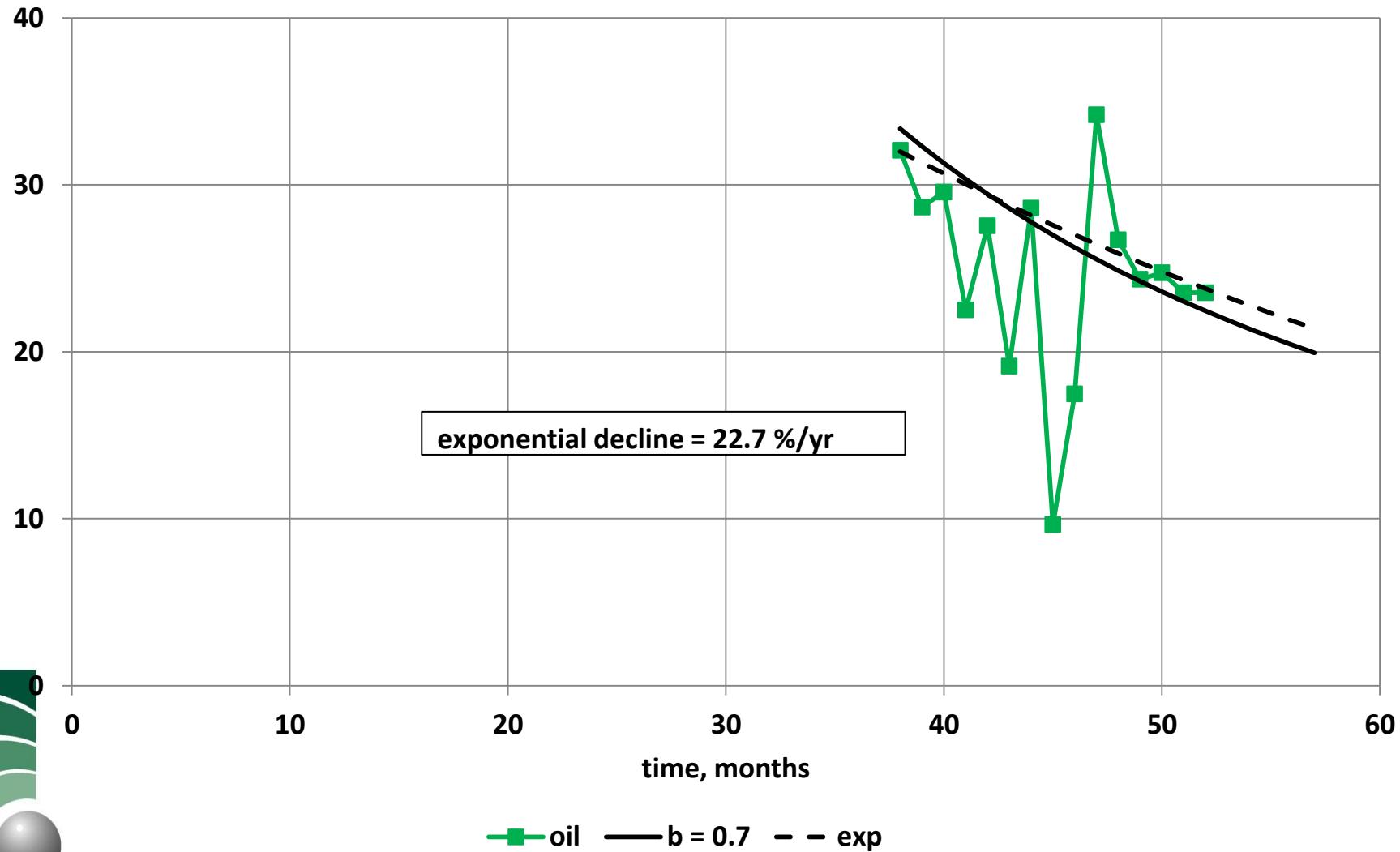
# Full history – GOR & WOR plot



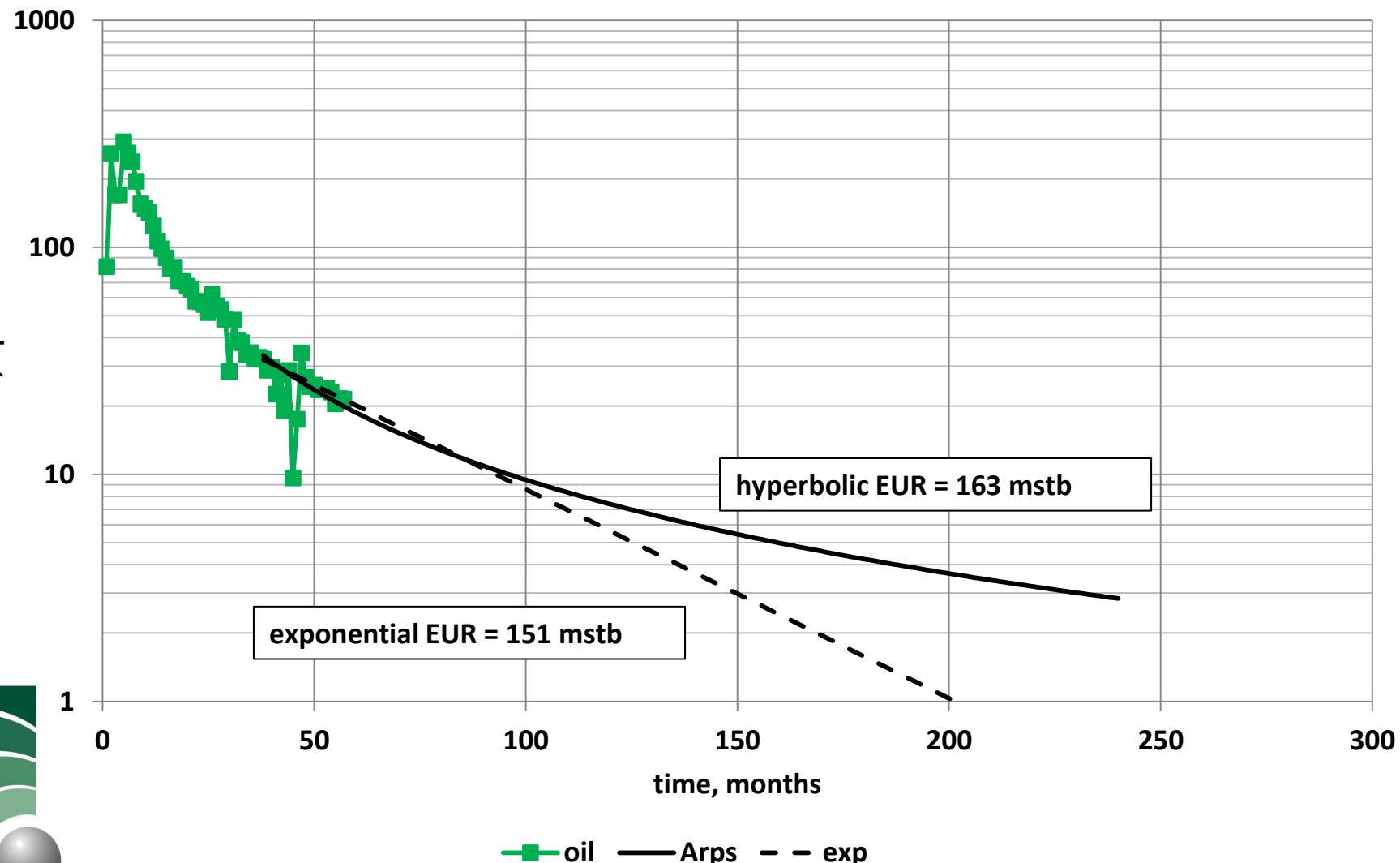
# Full history – normalized rate vs material balance time plot



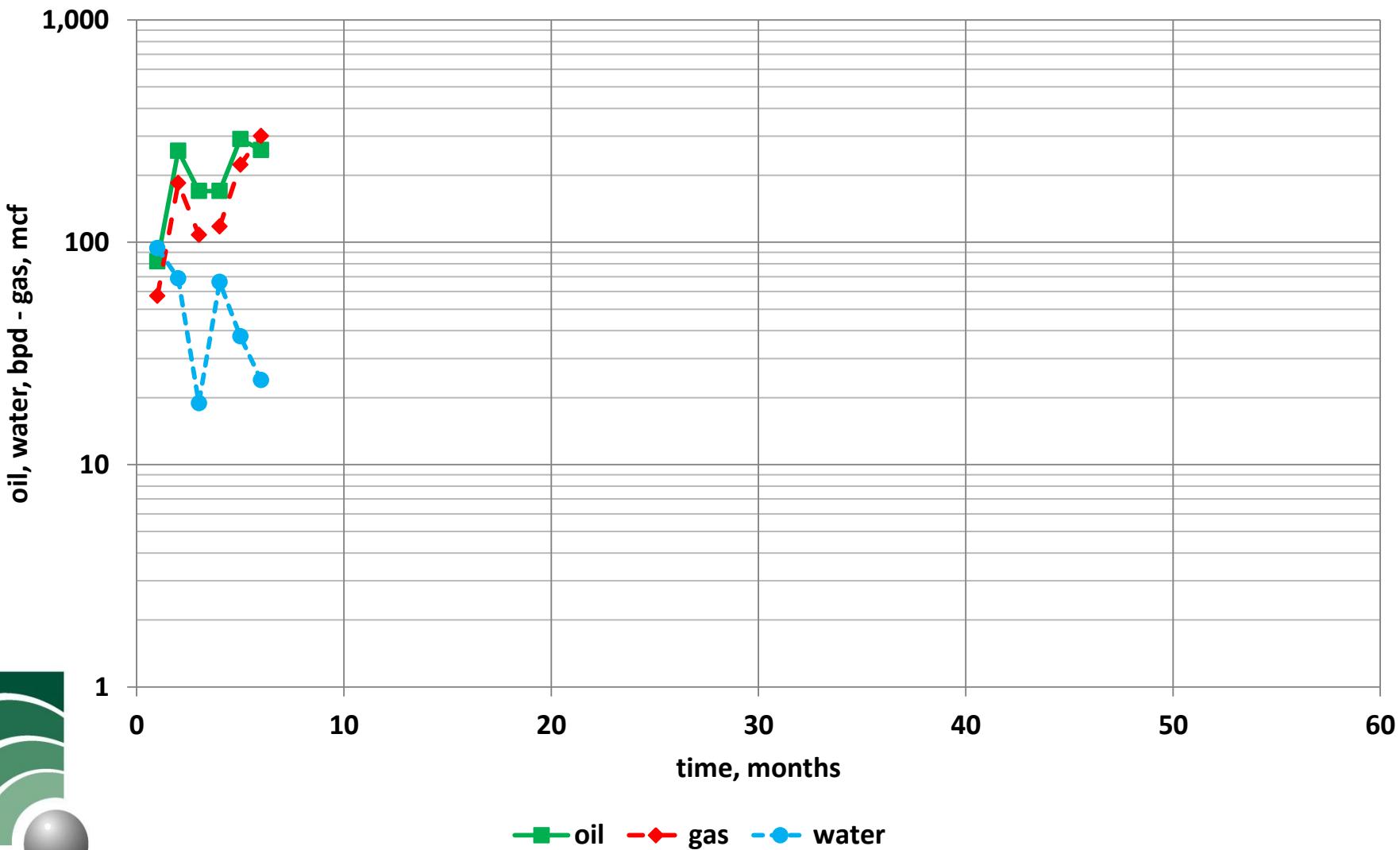
# Hyperbolic and exponential declines match boundary dominated flow



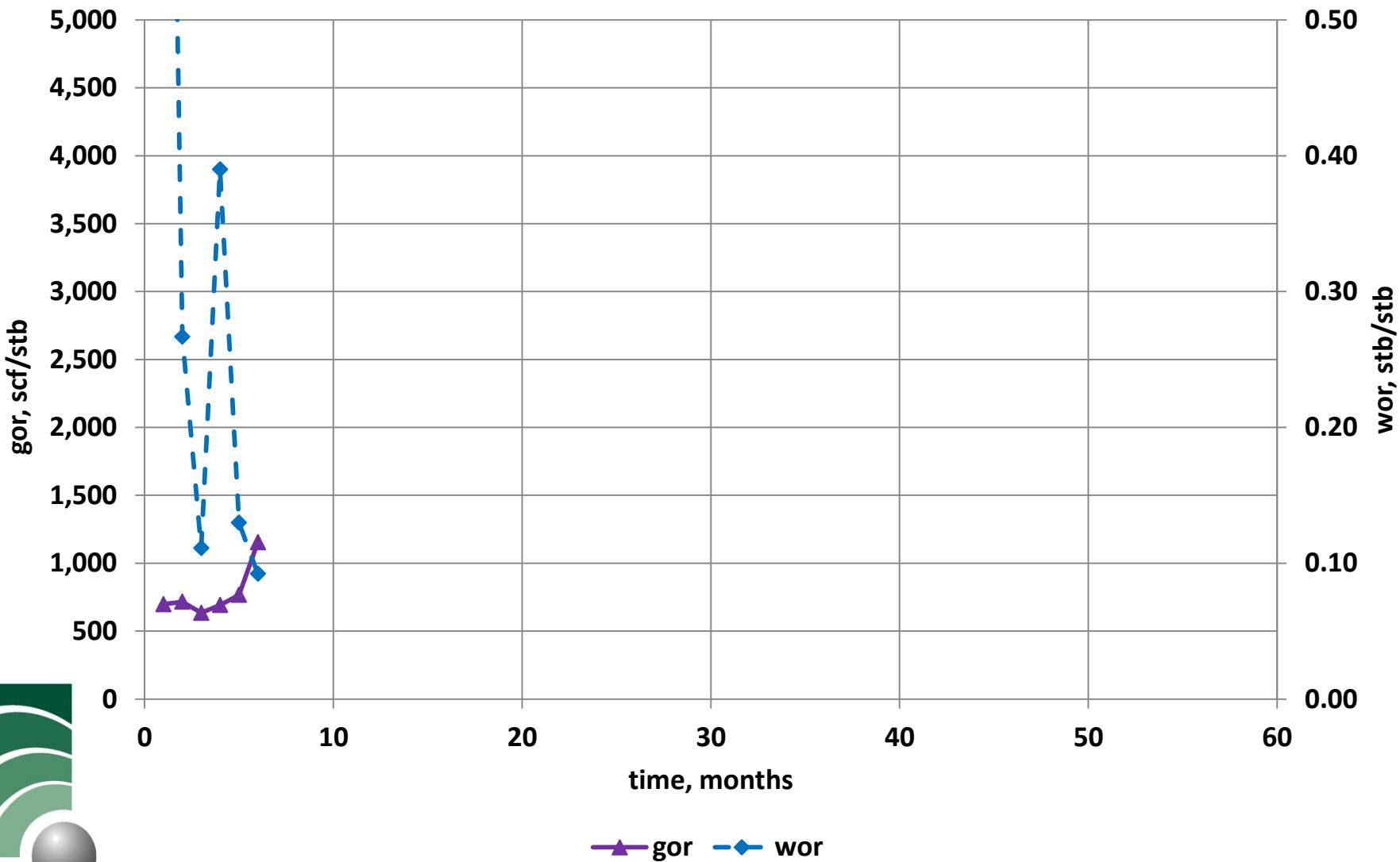
# The Truth – Estimated Ultimate Recovery = 157 mstb



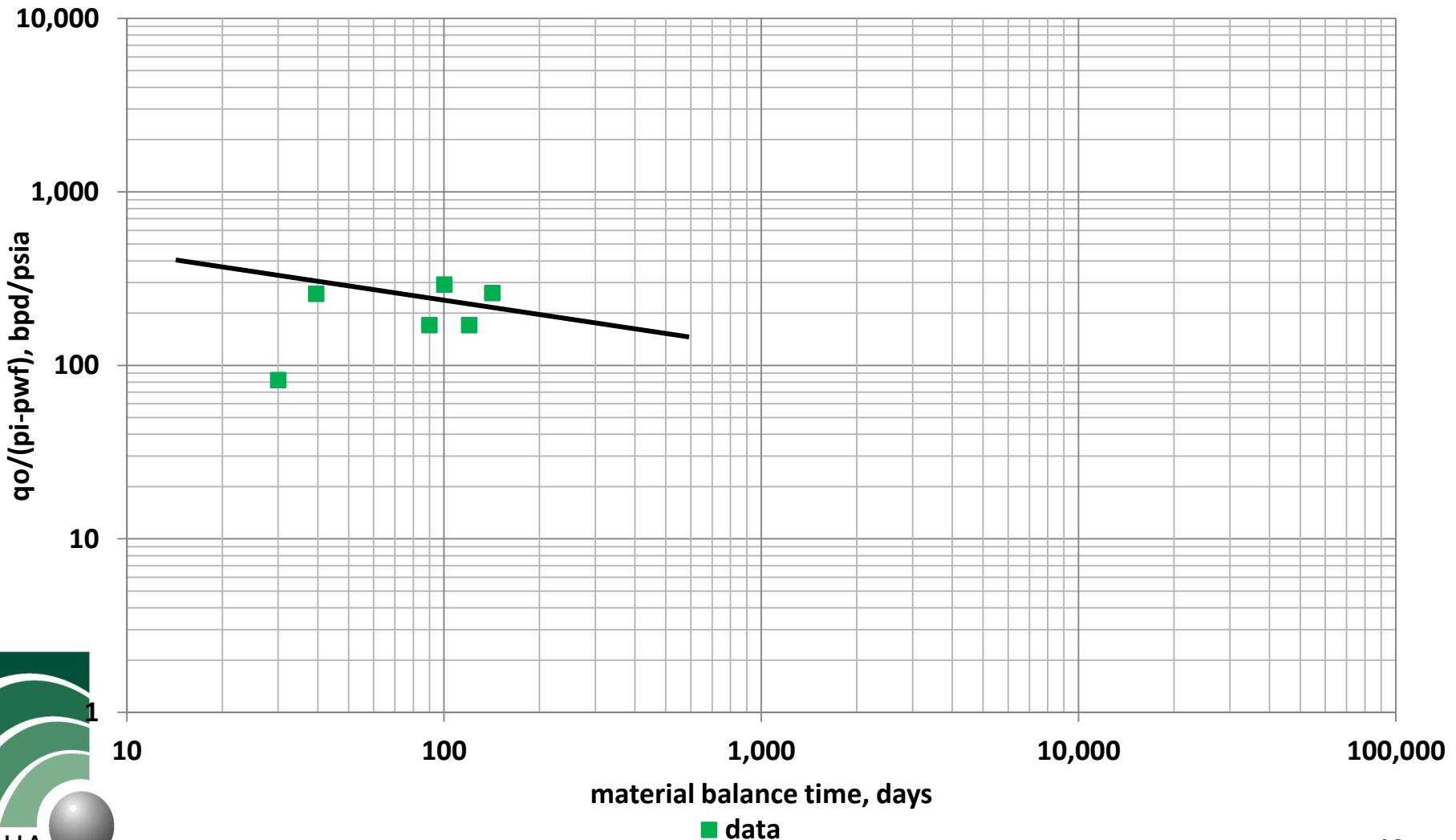
# 6 months – production data



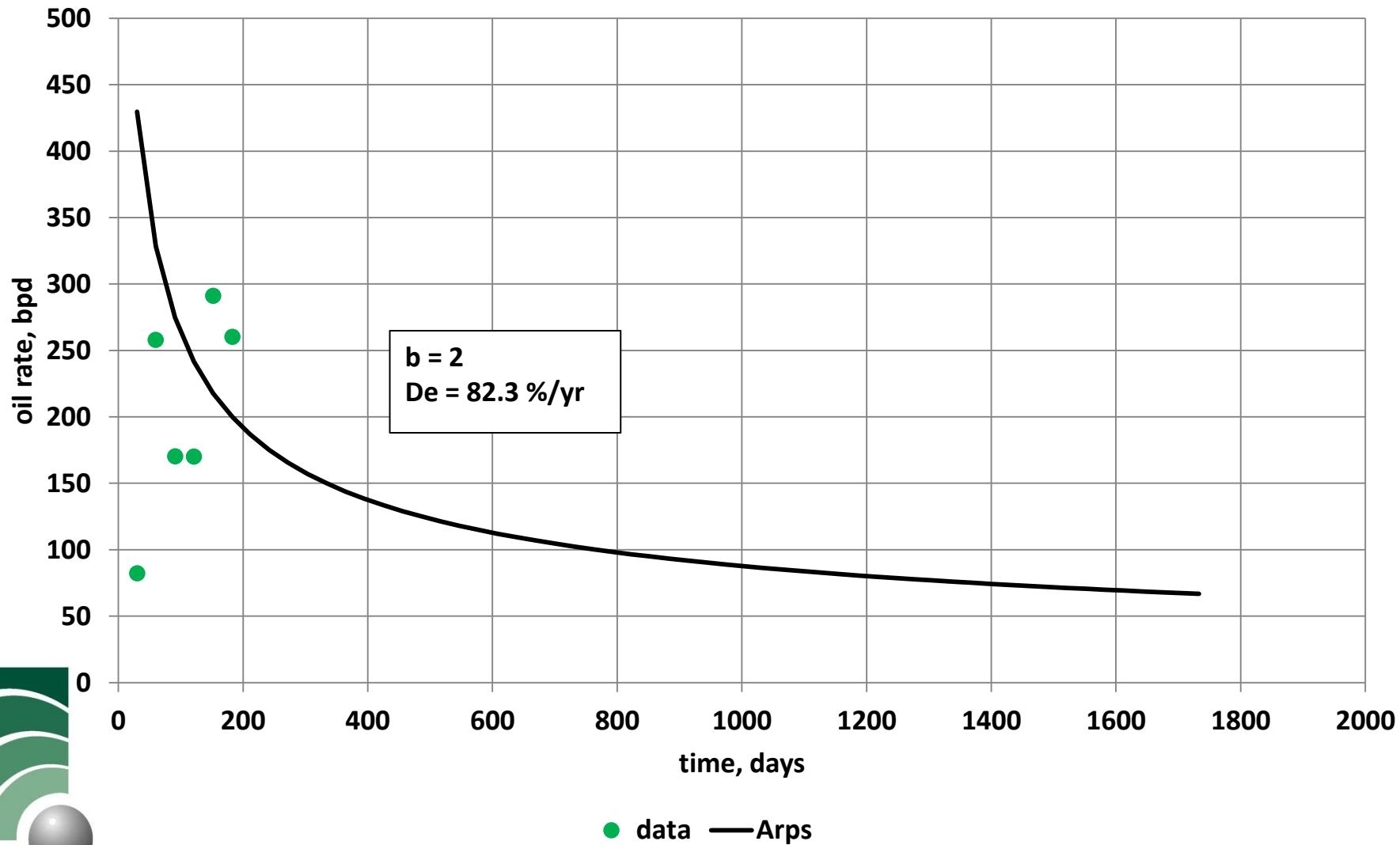
# 6 months – GOR & WOR plot



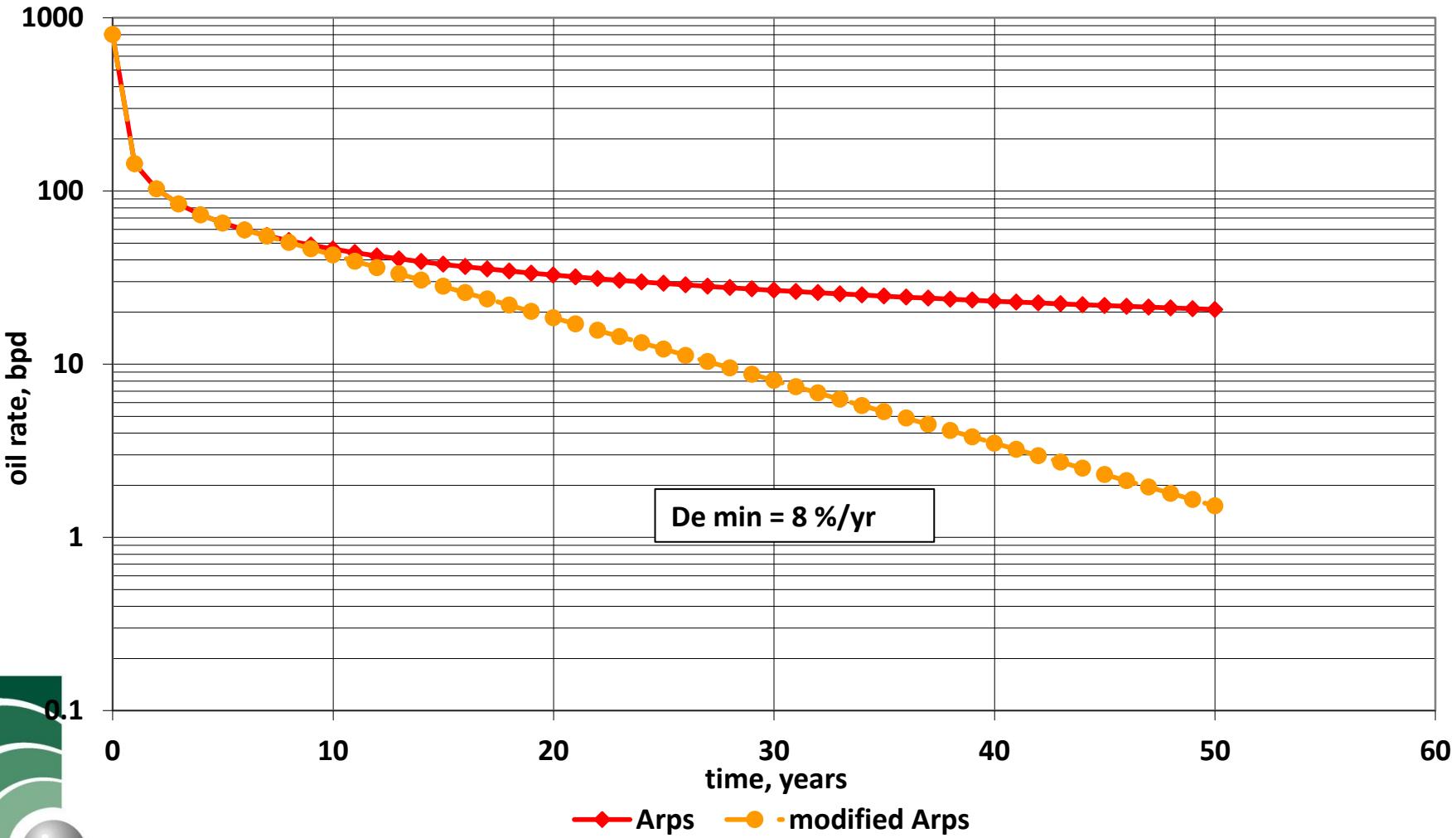
# 6 months – normalized rate vs material balance time plot



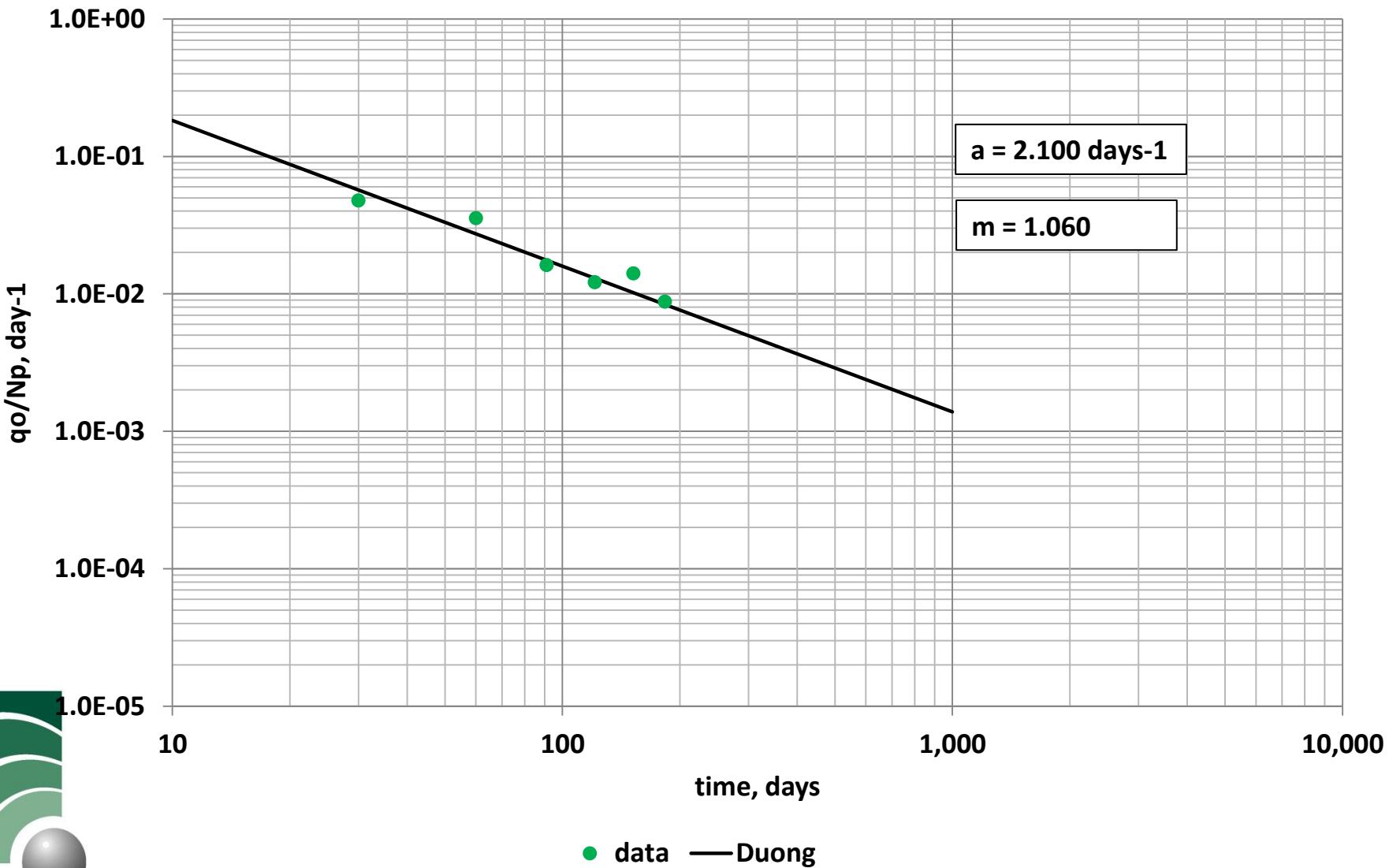
# 6 months – Arps match & forecast



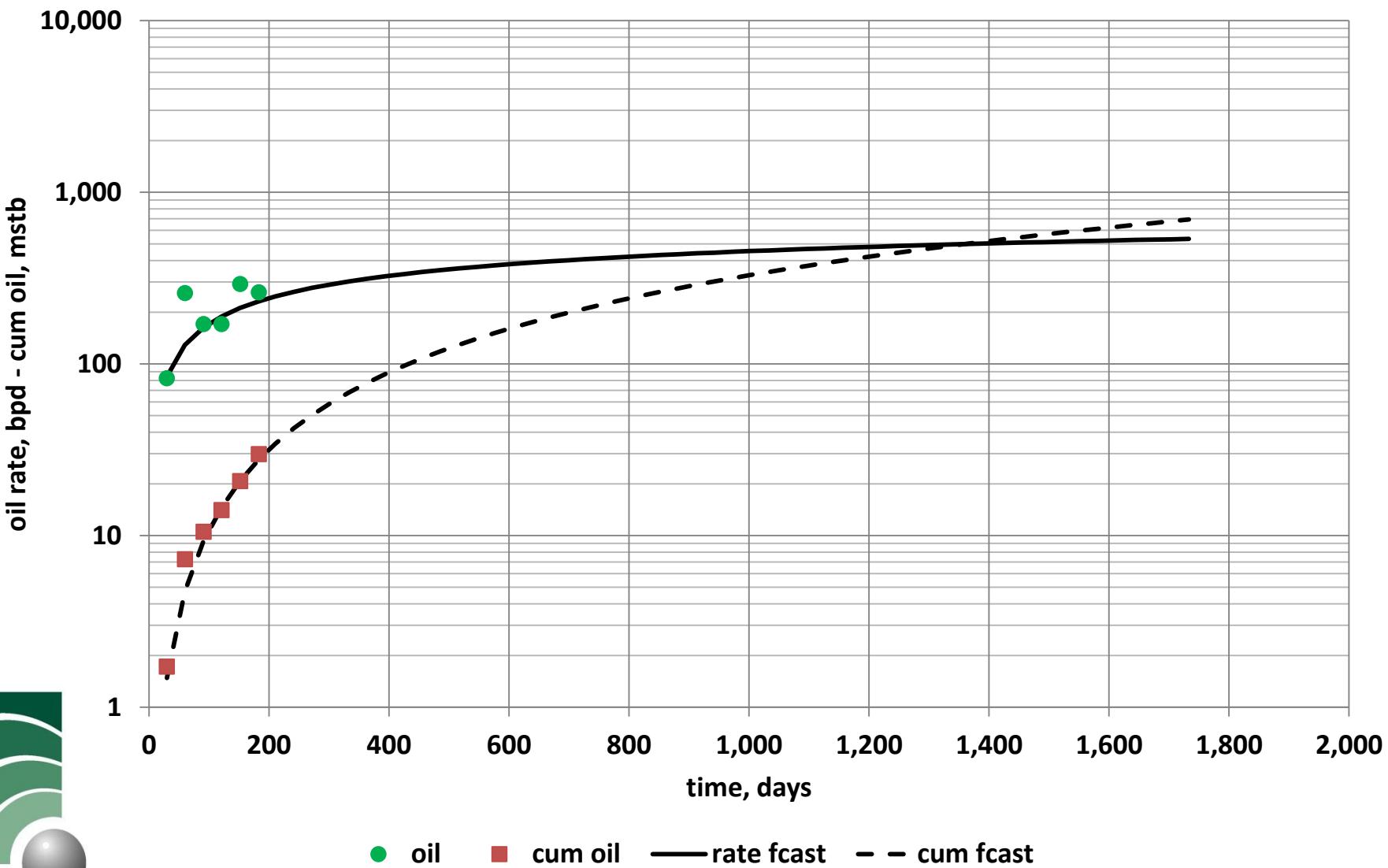
# 6 months – Arps & modified Arps forecast



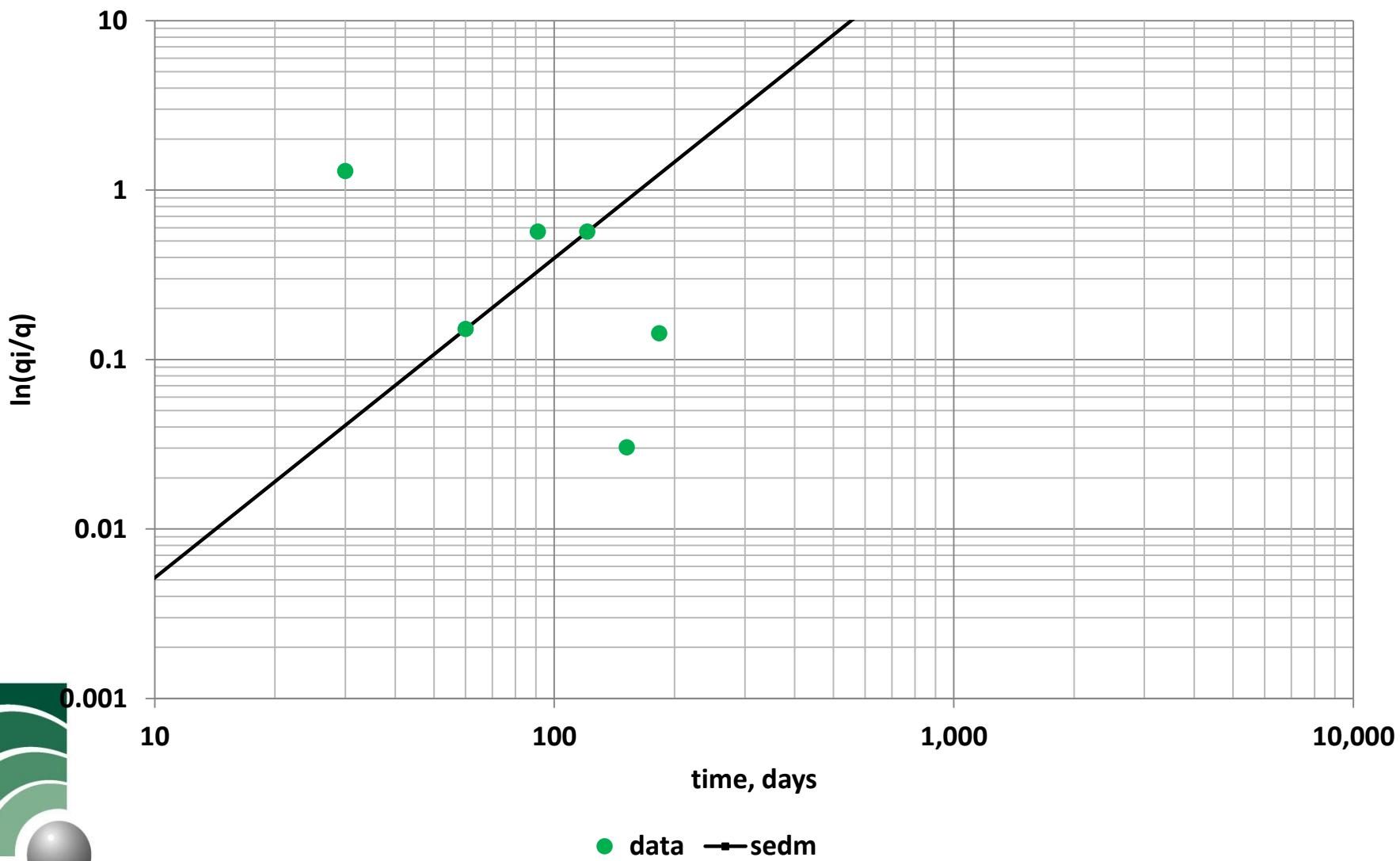
# 6 months – Duong plot



# 6 months – Duong match & forecast

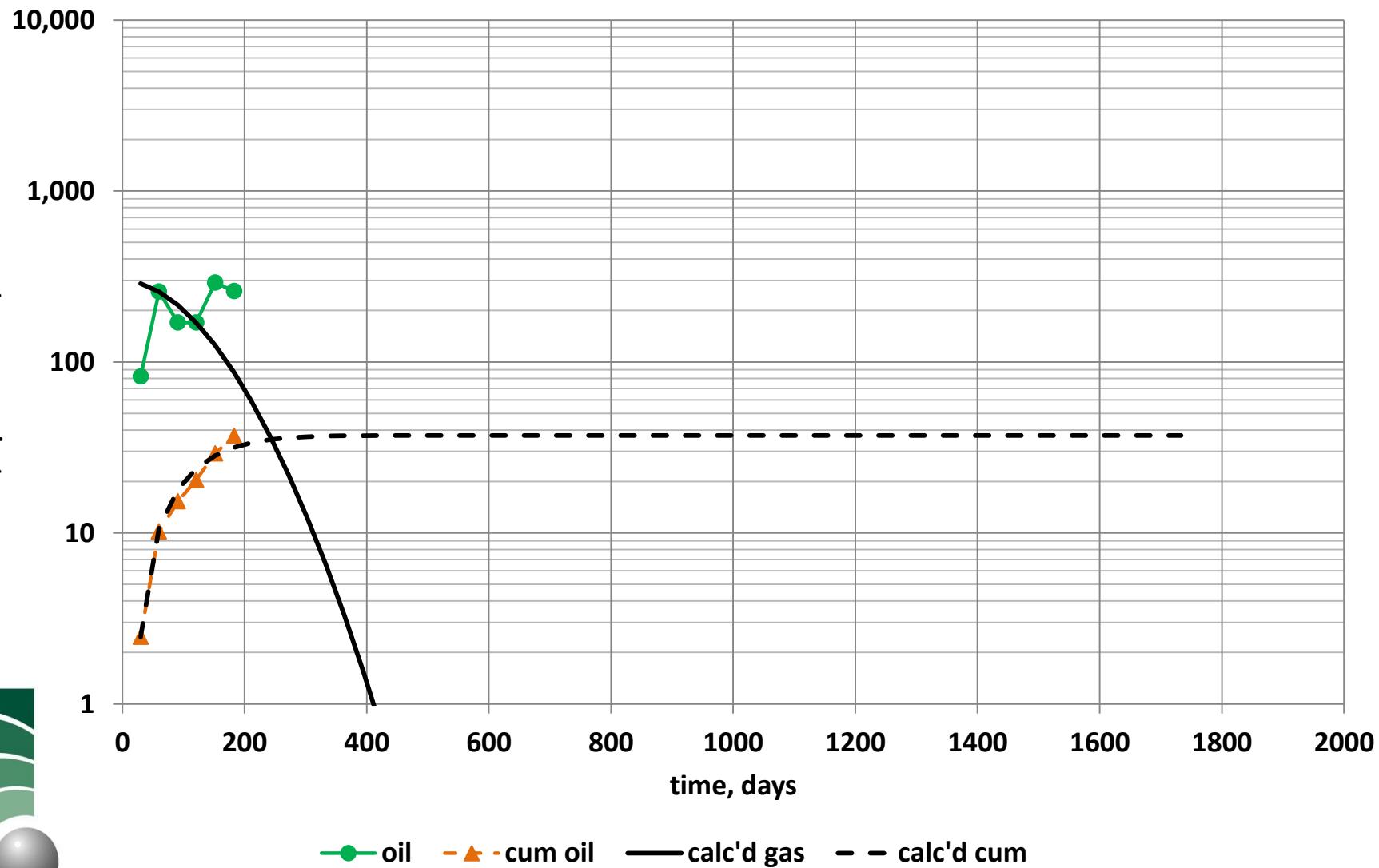


# 6 months – SEDM plot

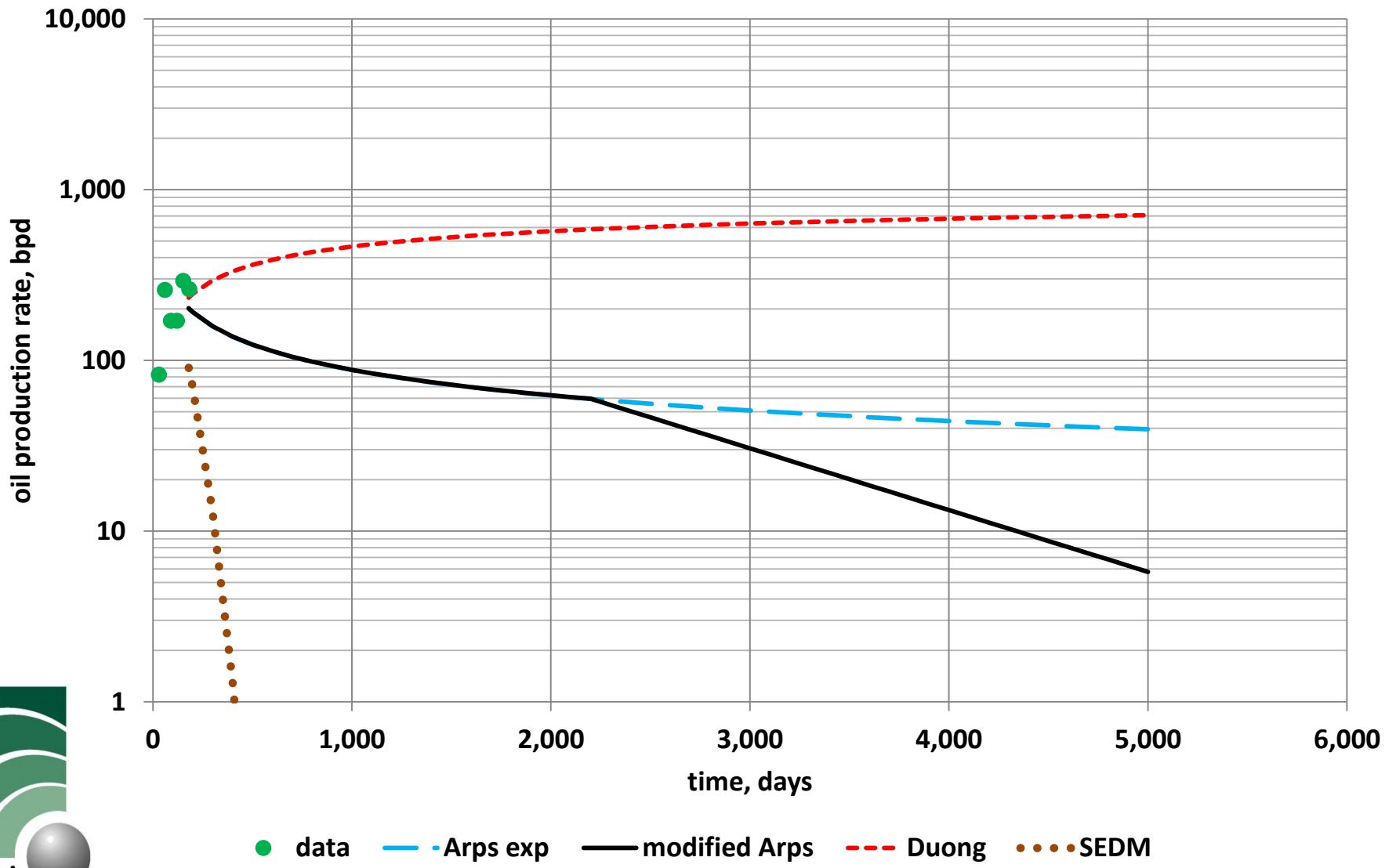


# 6 months – SEDM match & forecast

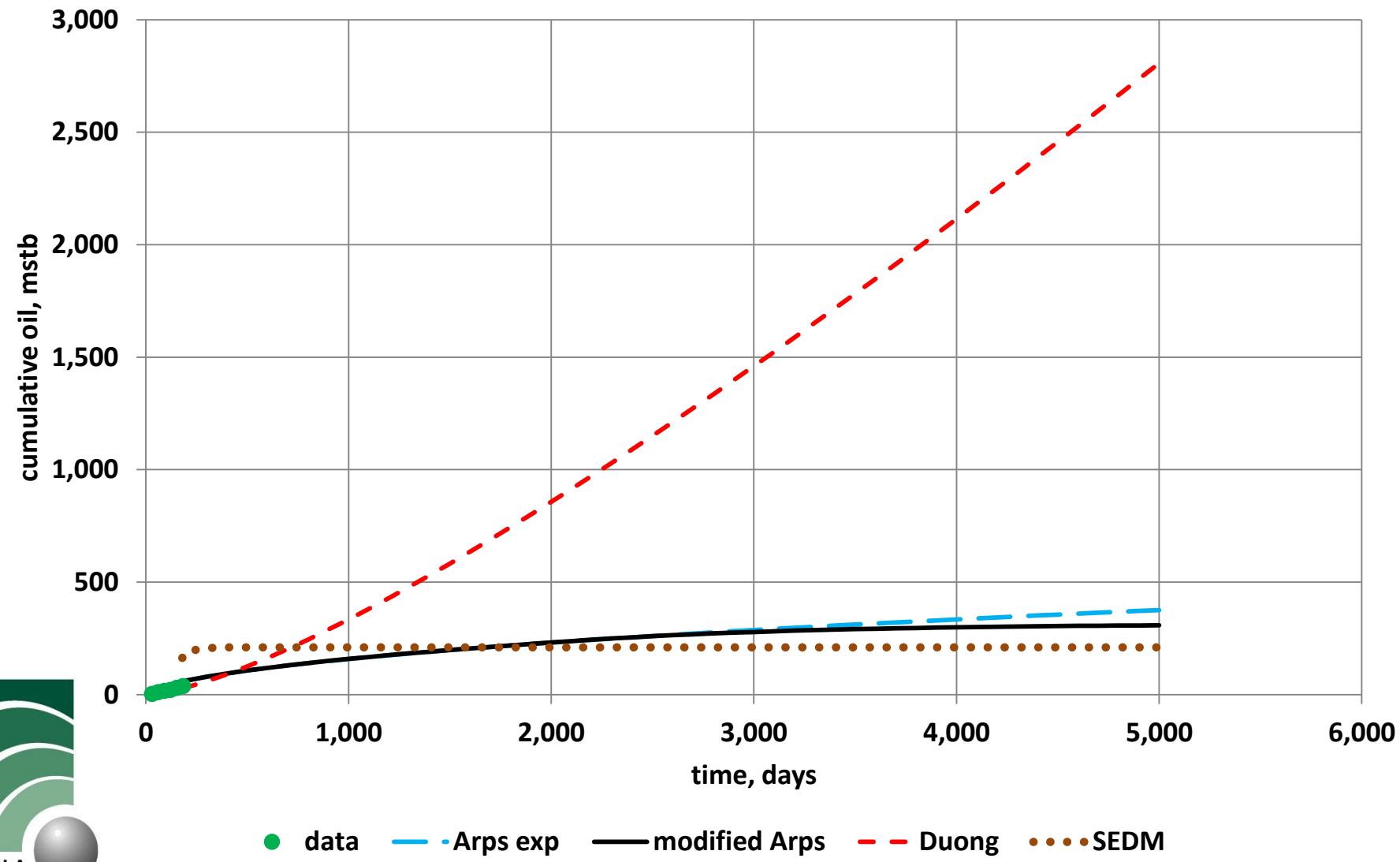
MHA PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS



# 6 months – all models – rate forecasts



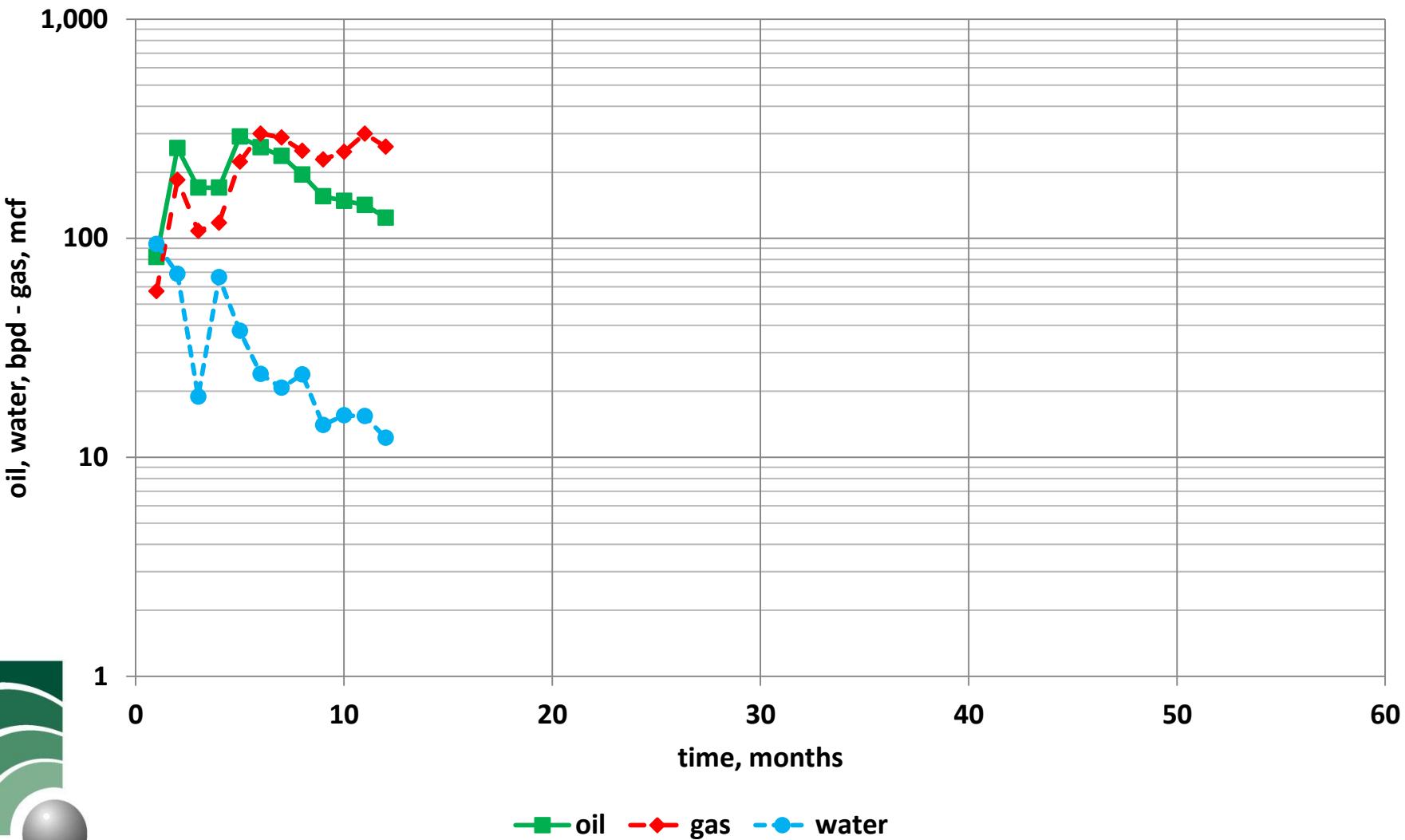
# 6 months – all models – cumulative forecasts



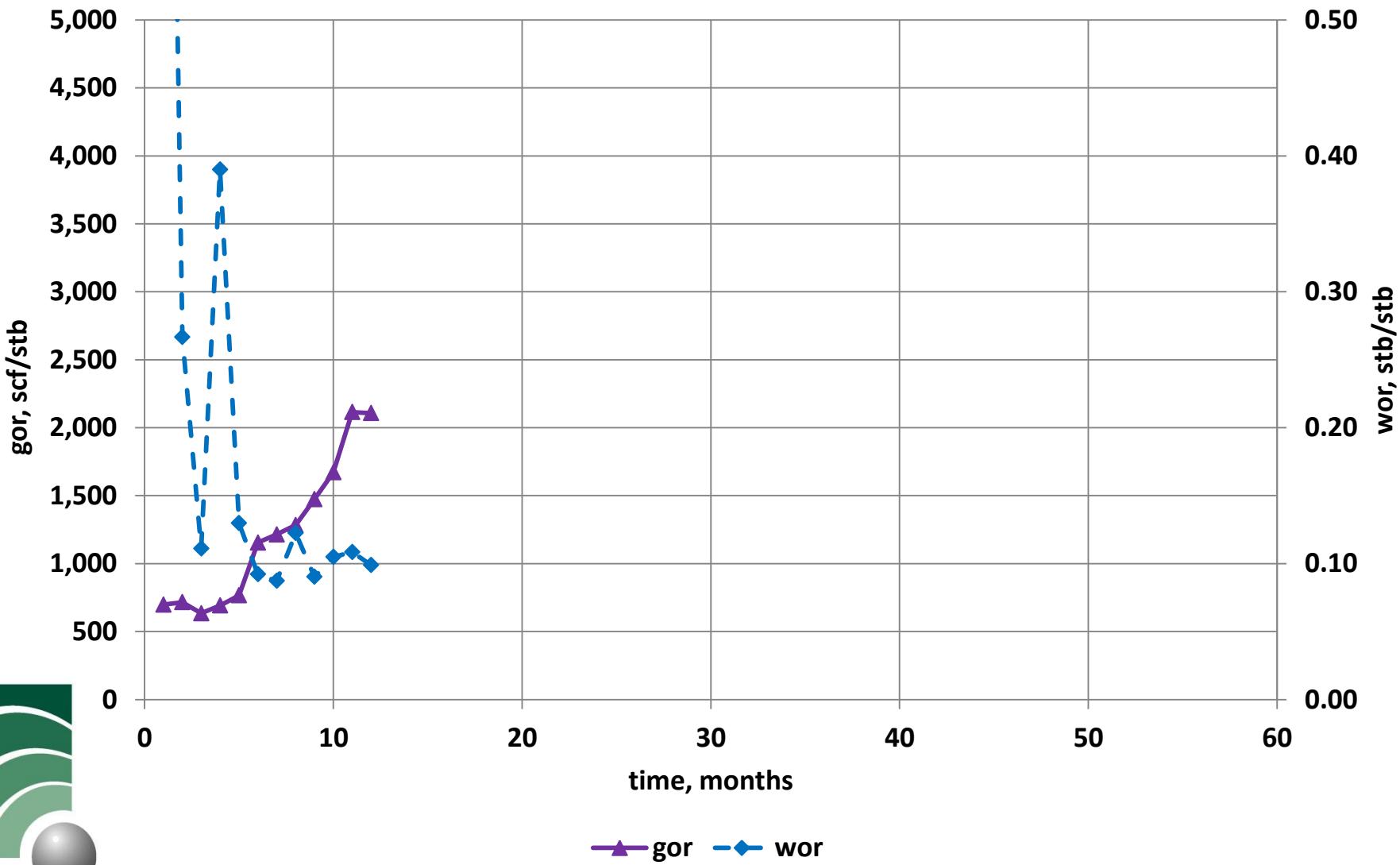
# 6 months – EUR's & lifetimes

model	EUR, m\$tb	life, yrs
Arps	5,172	2,370
modified Arps	490	42
Duong	fails – rate inc	fails – rate inc
SEDM	43	1
hyperbolic	163	19
exponential	151	14

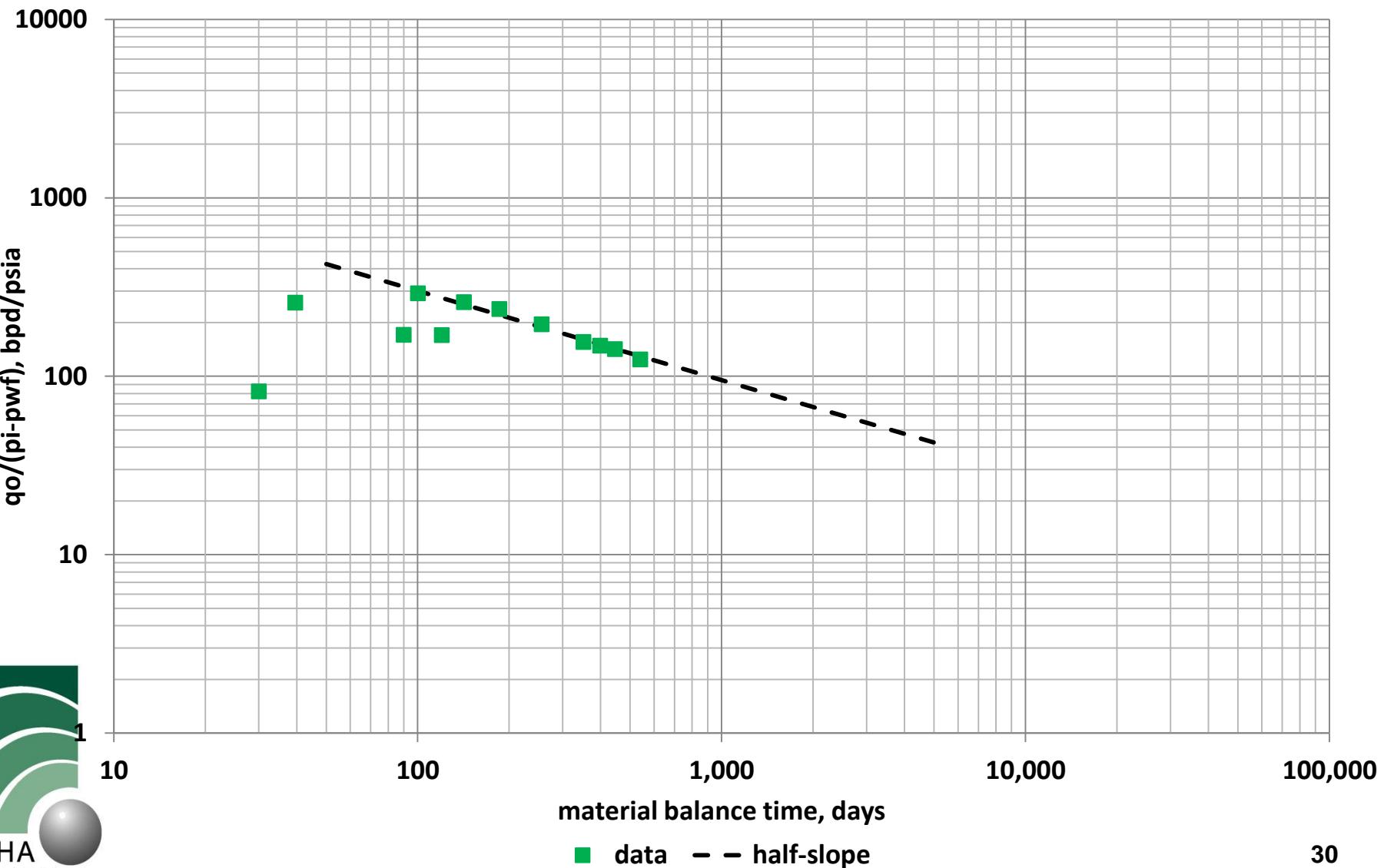
# 1 yr – production data



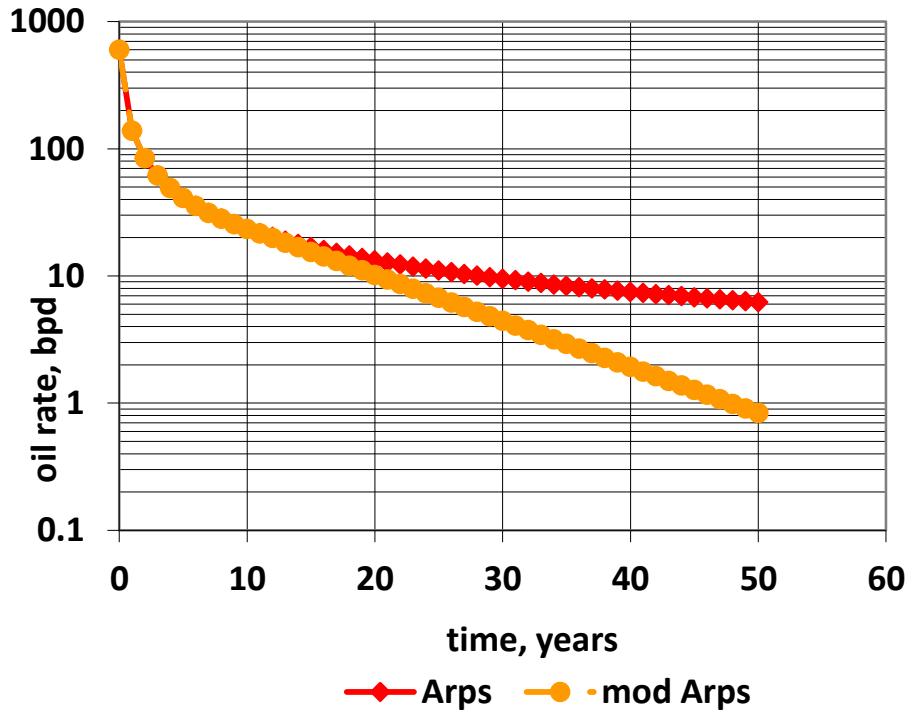
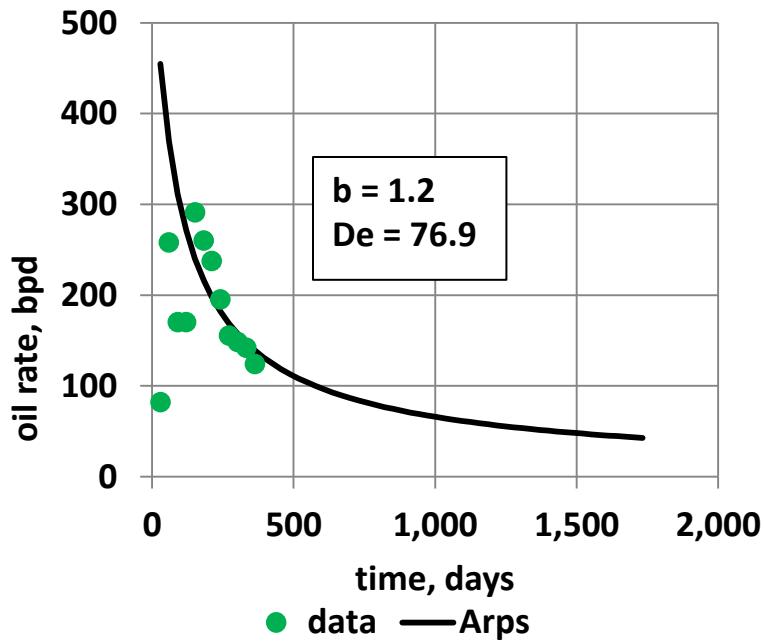
# 1 yr – GOR & WOR plot



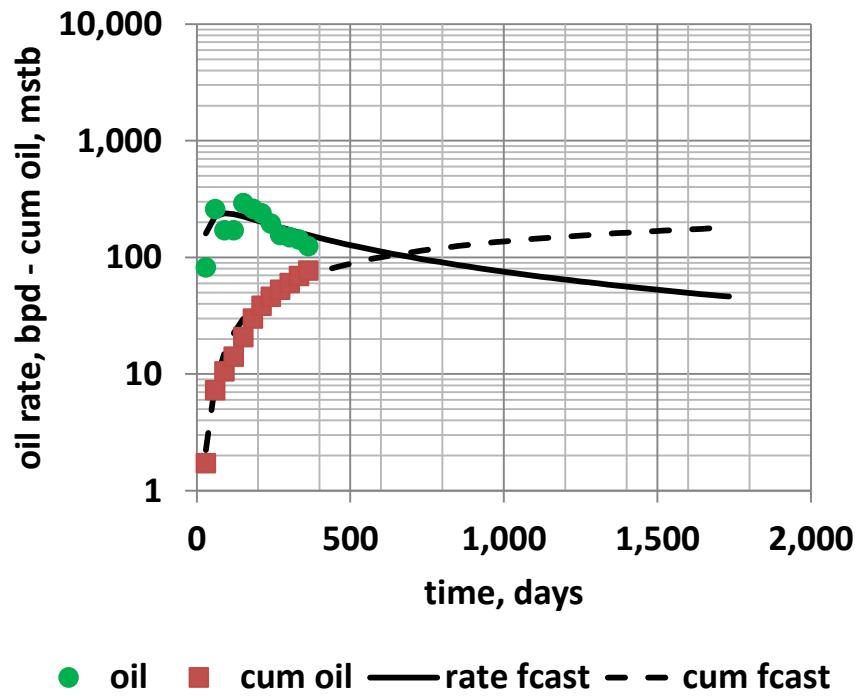
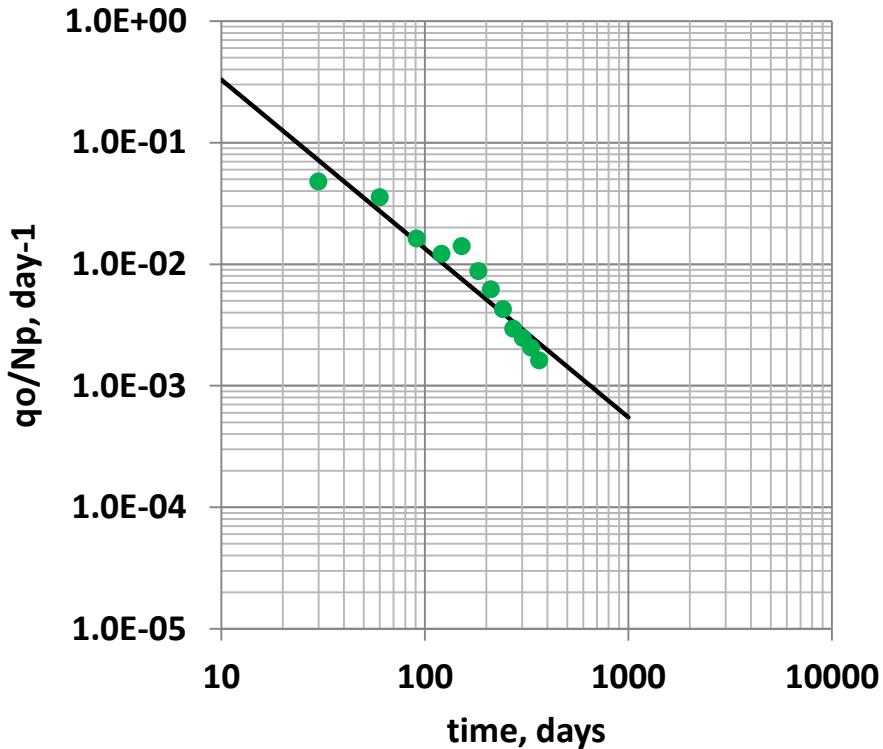
**1 yr –**  
**normalized rate vs material balance time plot**



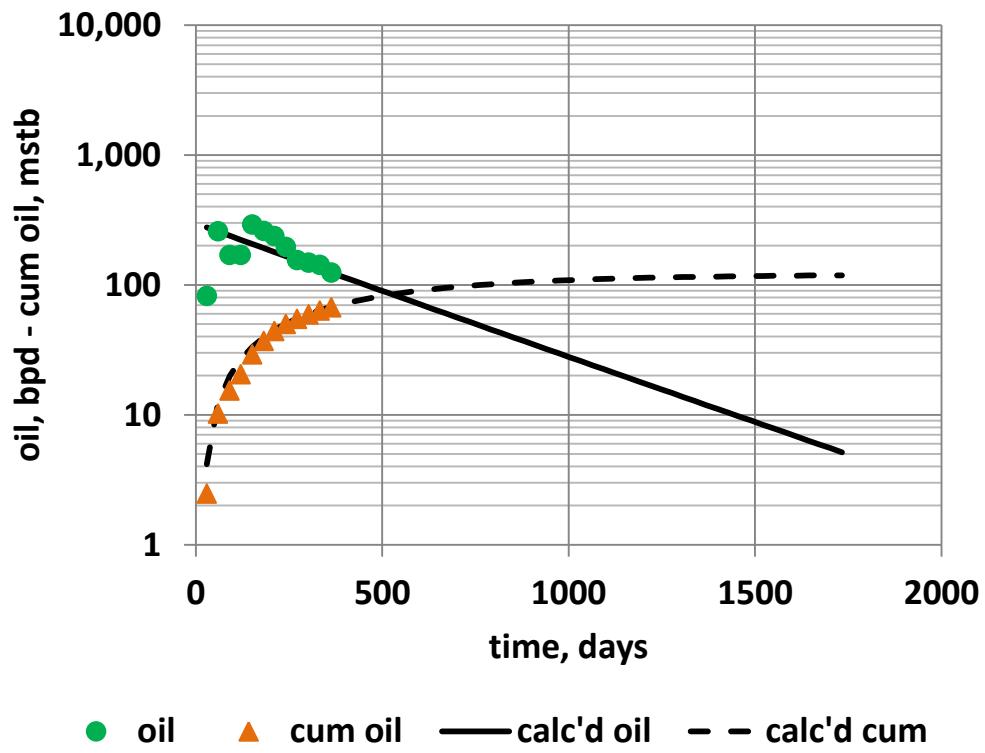
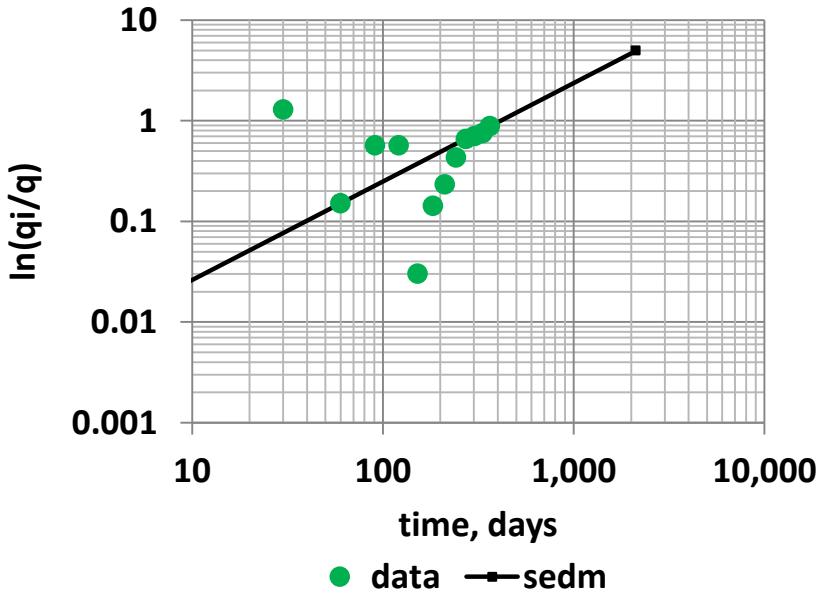
# 1 yr – Arps & modified Arps



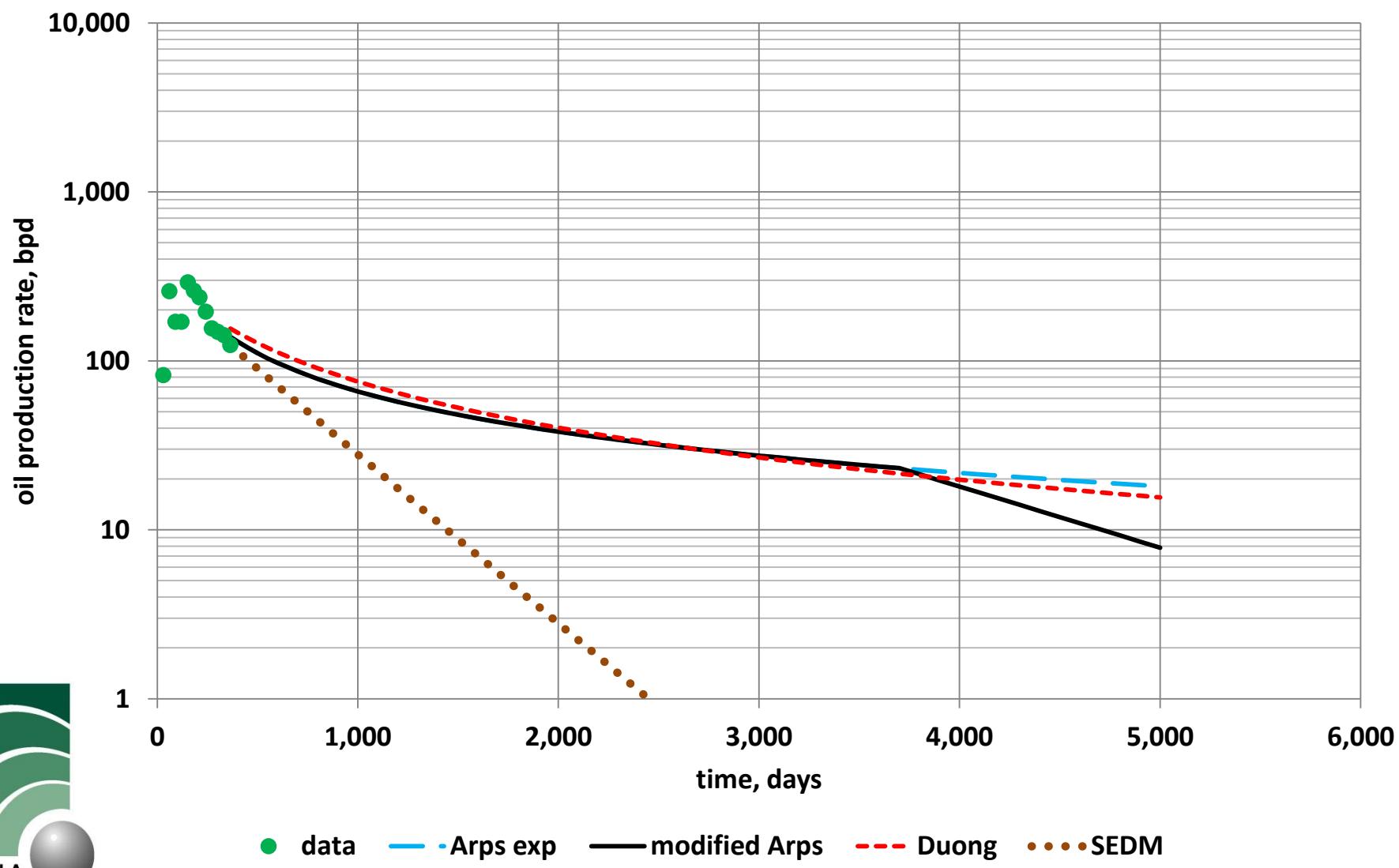
# 1 yr – Duong plot & match



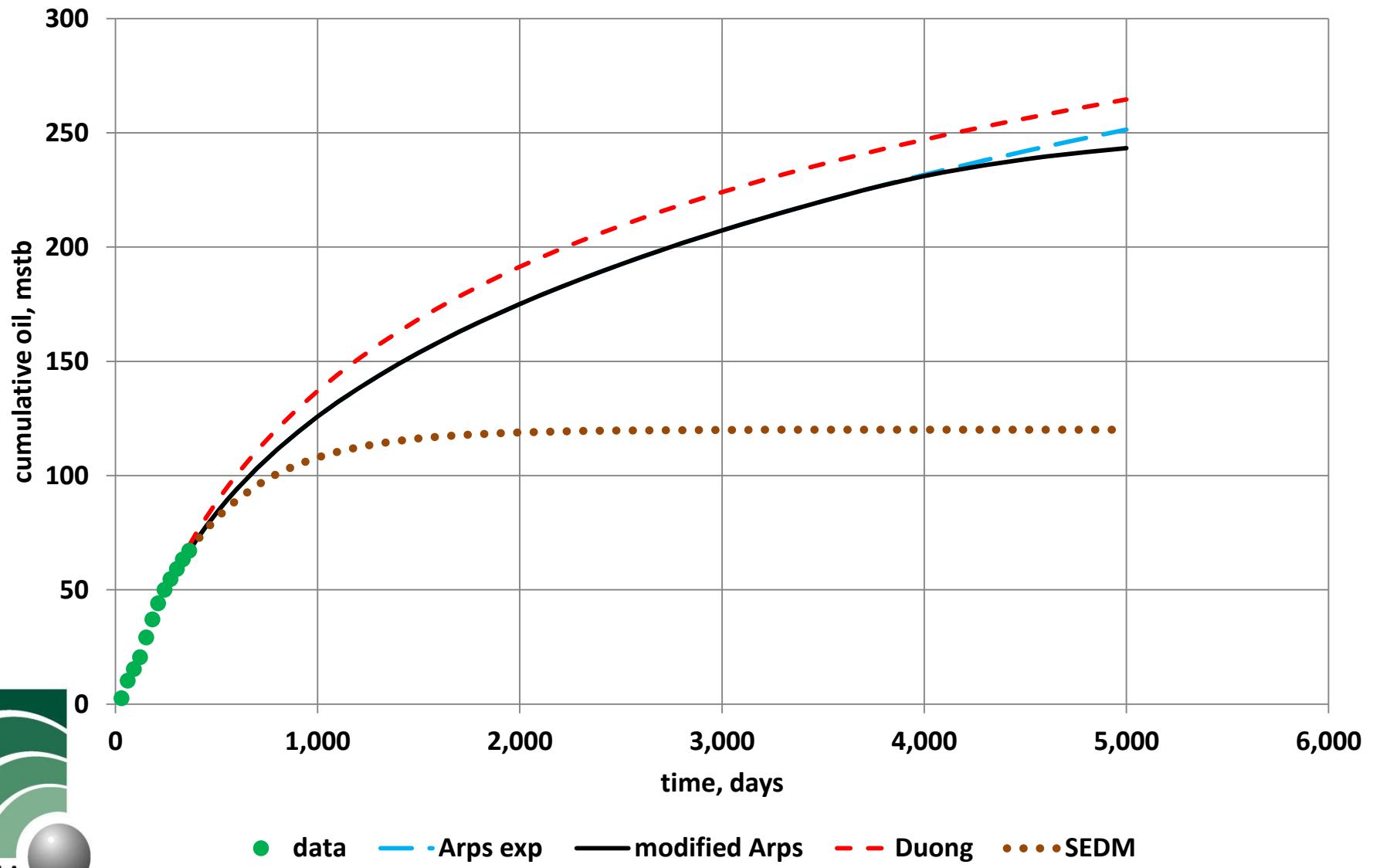
# 1 yr – SEDM plot & match



# 1 yr – all models – rate forecasts



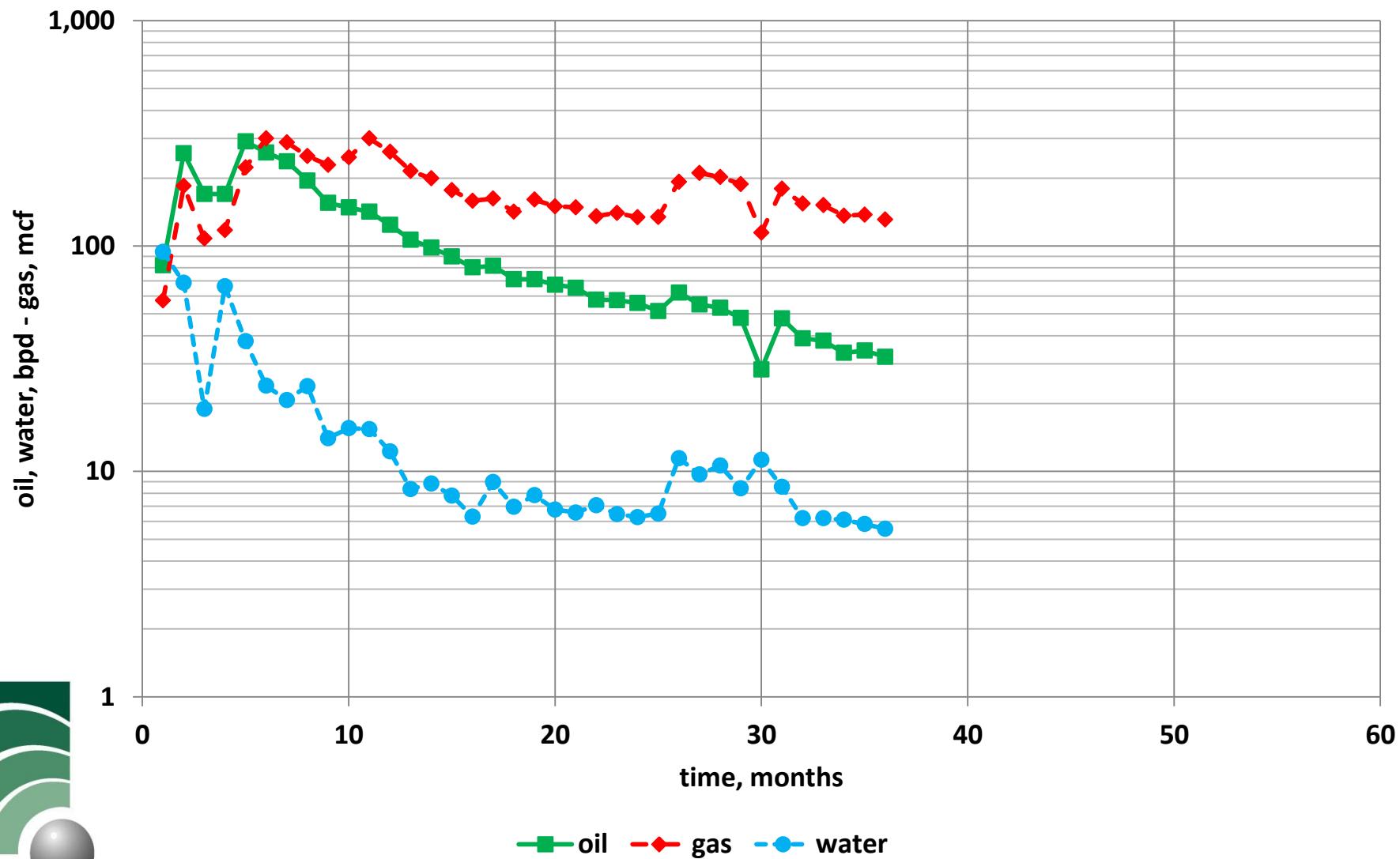
# 1 yr – all models – cumulative forecasts



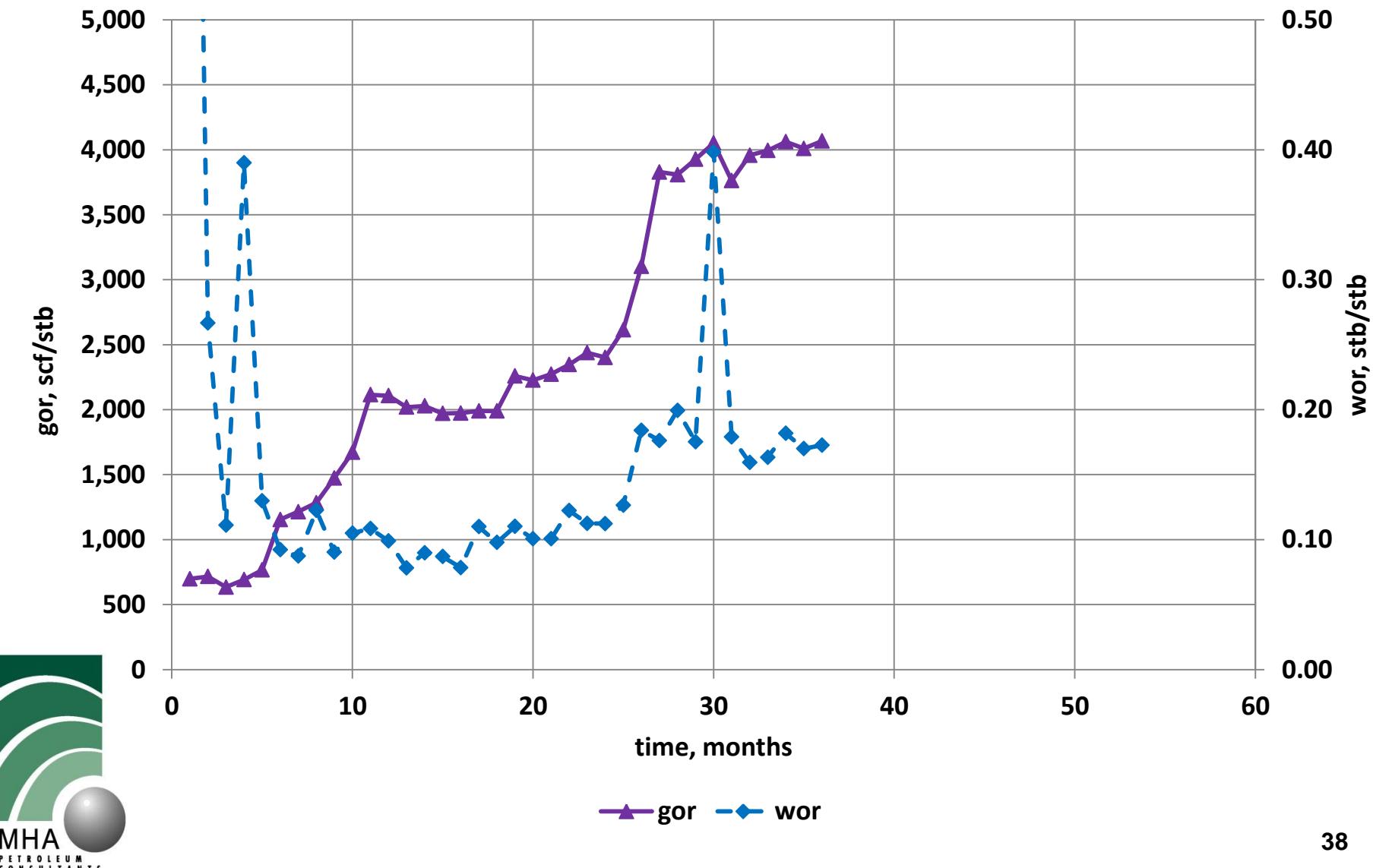
# 1 yr – EUR's & lifetimes

model	EUR, m\$tb	life, yrs
Arps	516	120
modified Arps	339	35
Duong	365	57
SEDM	124	5
hyperbolic	163	19
exponential	151	14

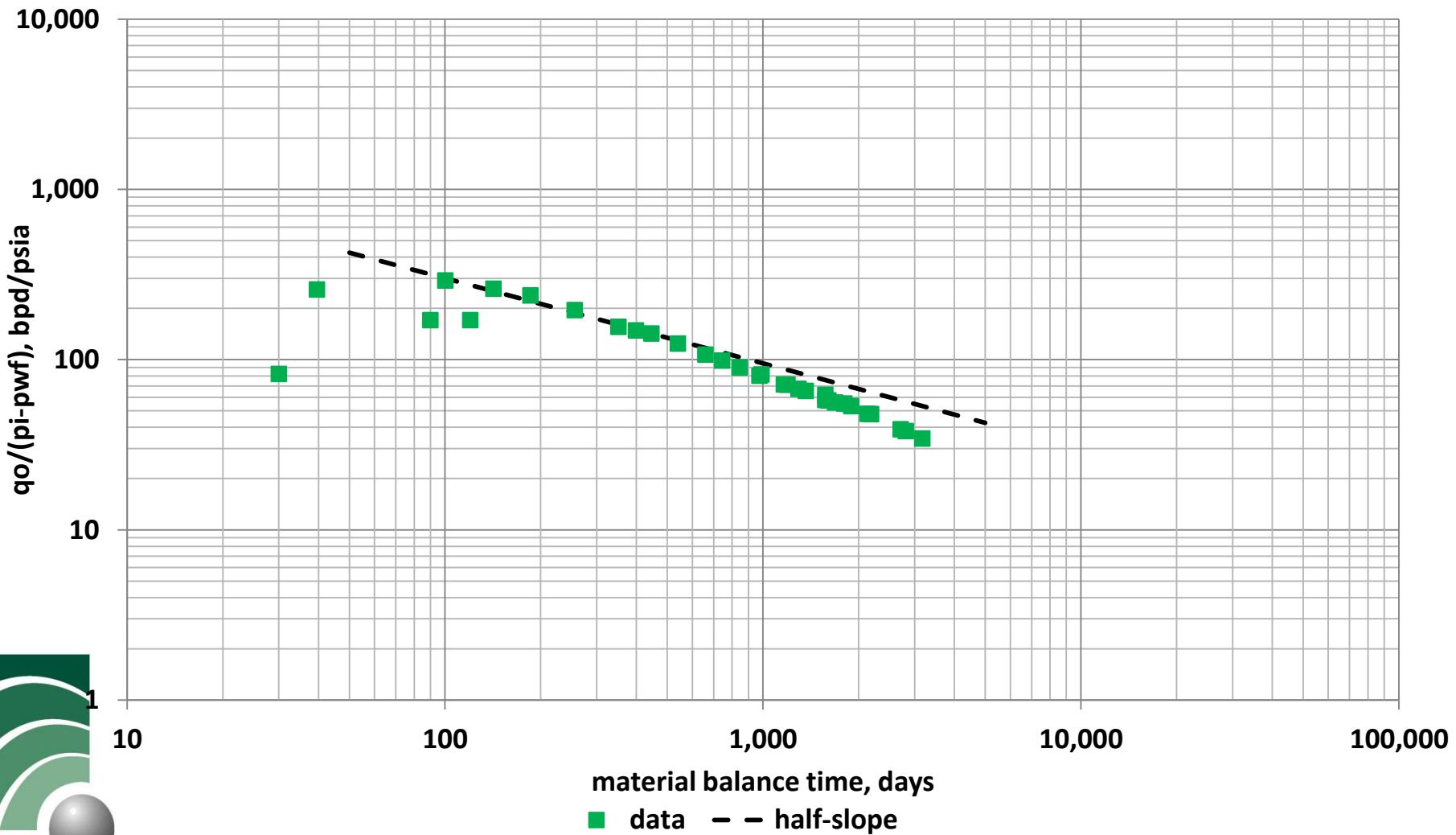
# 3 yrs – production data



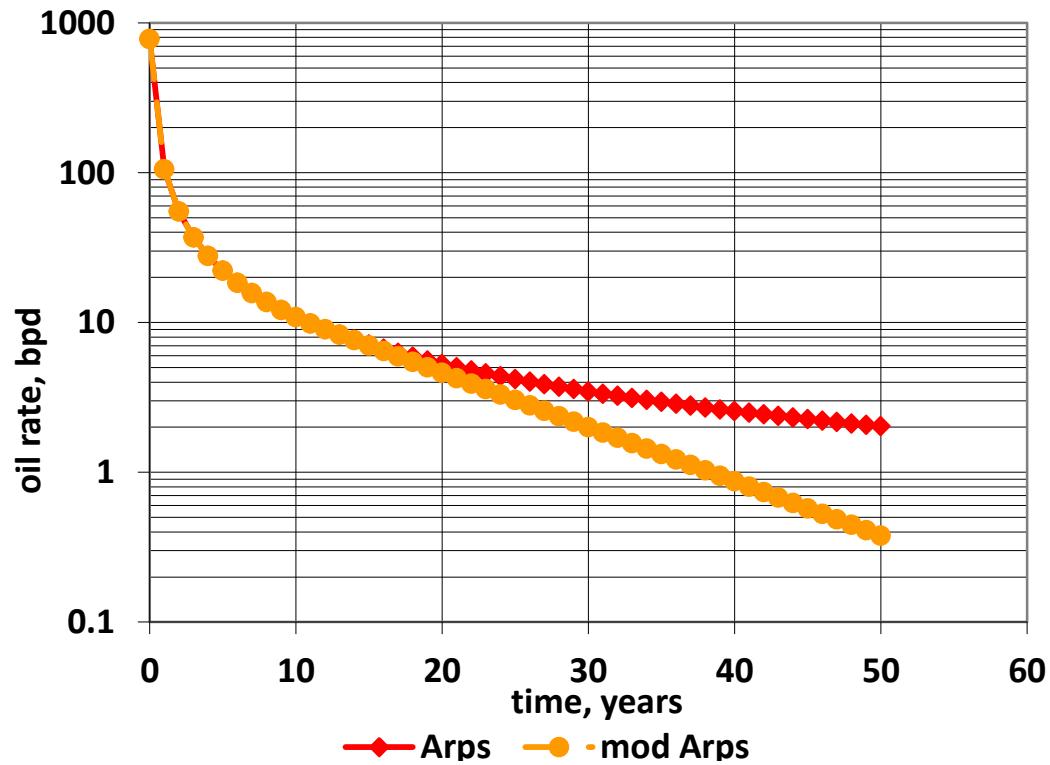
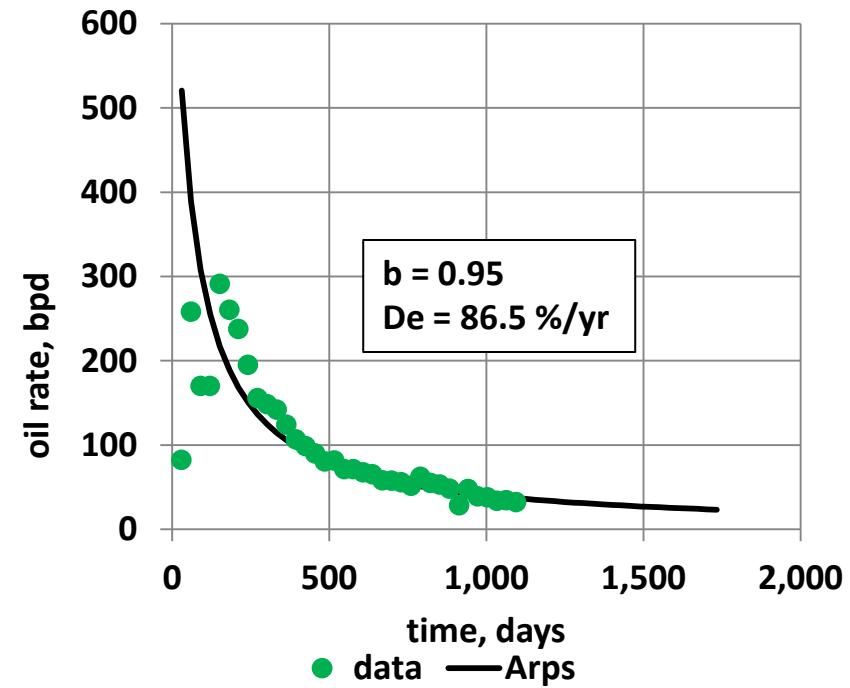
# 3 yrs – GOR & WOR plot



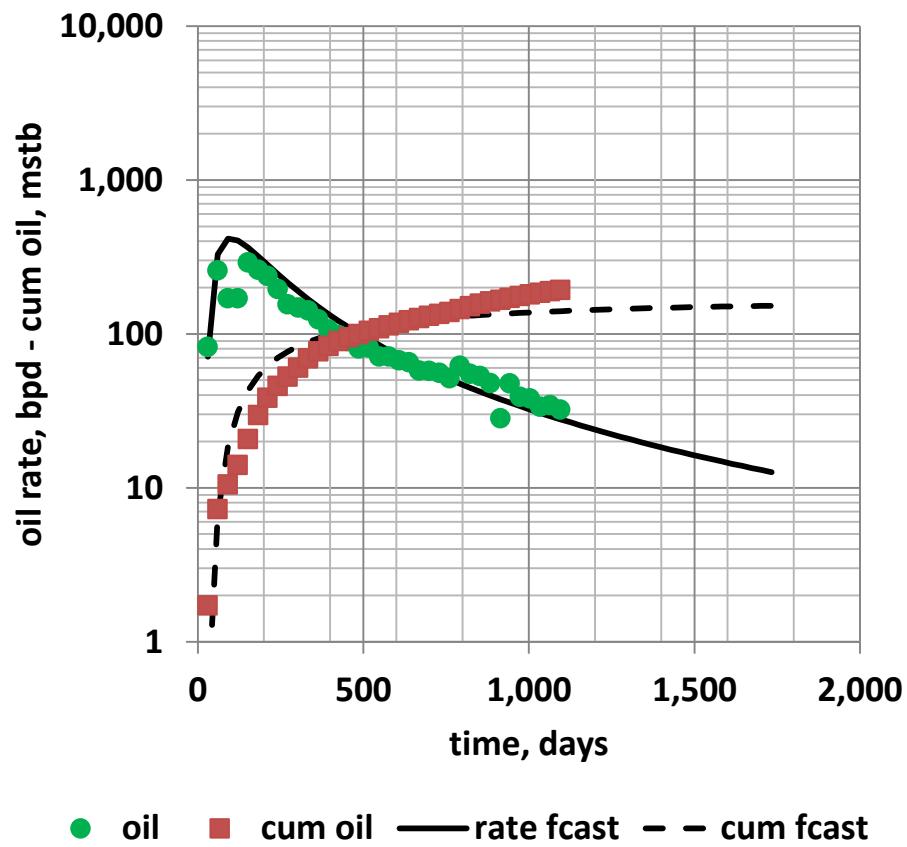
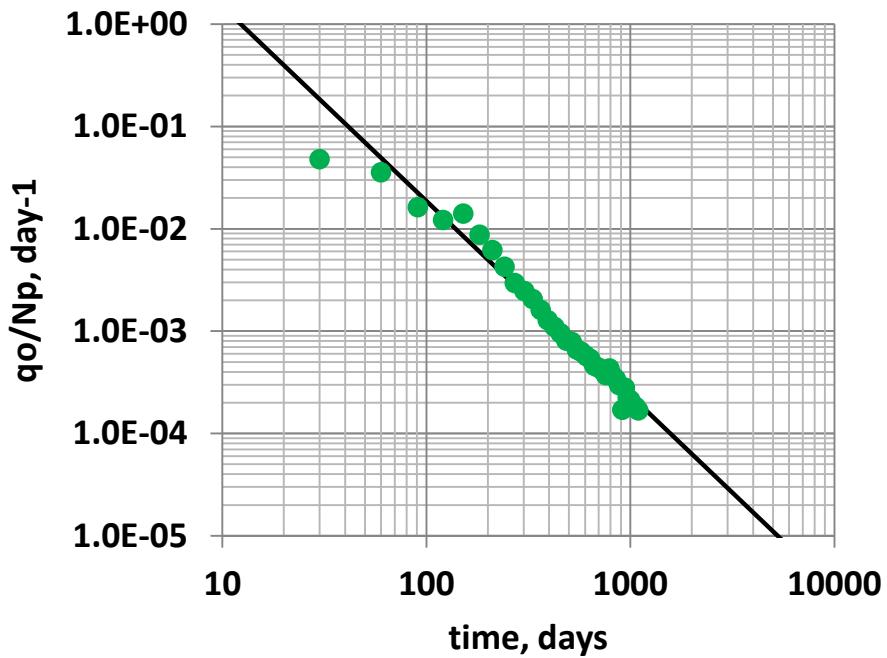
# 3 yrs – normalized rate vs material balance time plot



# 3 yrs – Arps & modified Arps

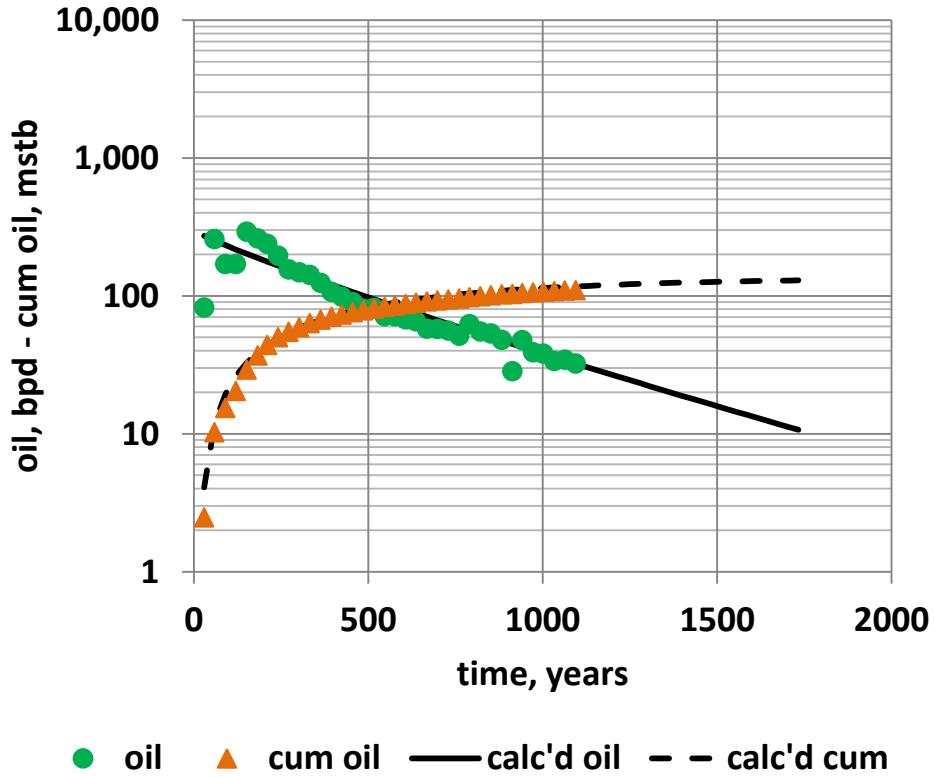
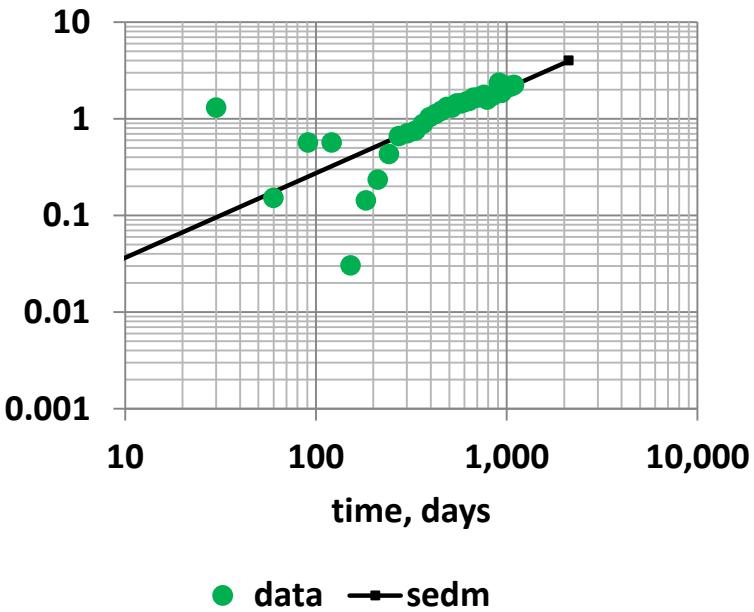


# 3 yrs – Duong plot & match

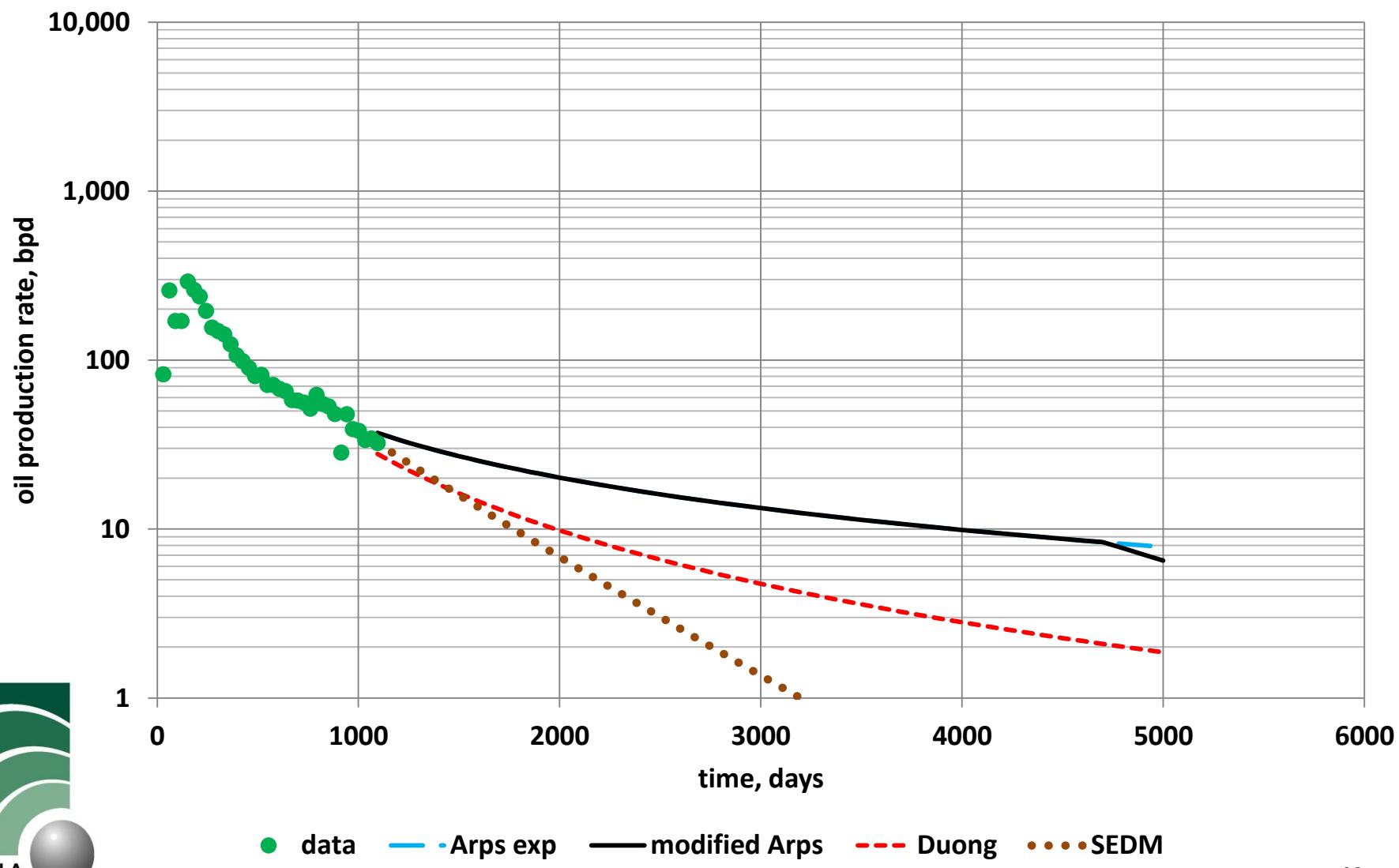


# 3 yrs – SEDM plot & match

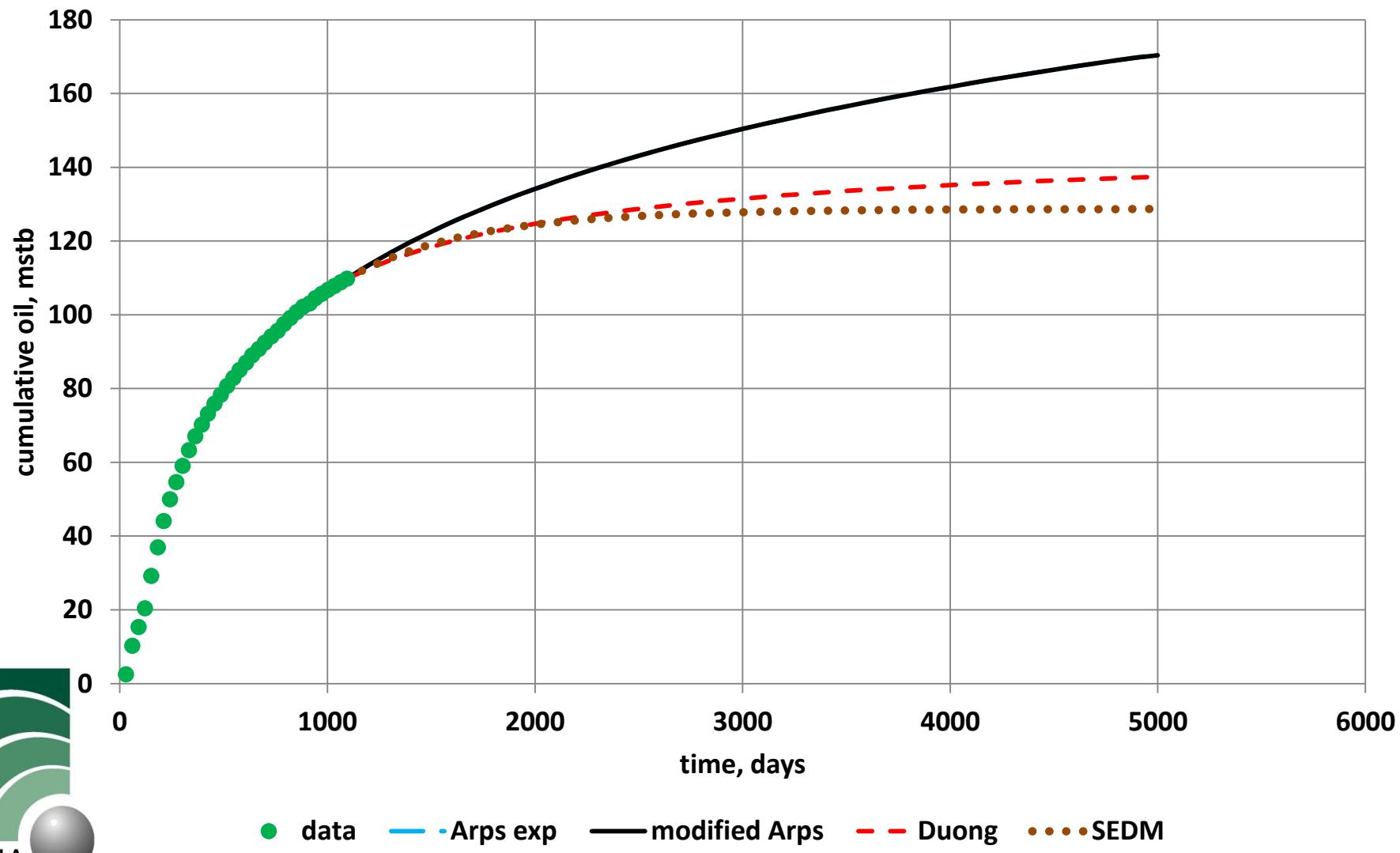
ln( $q_i/q$ )



# 3 yrs – all models – rate forecasts



# 3 yrs – all models – cumulative forecasts



# 3 yrs – EUR's & lifetimes

model	EUR, m\$tb	life, yrs
Arps	230	34
modified Arps	216	25
Duong	166	11
SEDM	139	7
hyperbolic	163	19
exponential	151	14

# Summary

- **Unconventional well rate forecasts often difficult because--**
  - **Multi-year transient flow – DCA problematic**
  - **Only rates, no pressures available – RTA problematic**
- **Solution - semi-empirical models & rates to predict performance**
- **Industry standard is modified Arps method**

# Summary - 2

- **Mature DJ Niobrara well performance forecasted with—**
  - **Arps, modified Arps, Duong, and SEDM methods**
  - **6 months, 1 year, and 3 years of production history**
- **None of the 4 methods considered--**
  - **Was clearly superior**
  - **Matched full history EUR**
  - **Only SEDM gives constant or increasing EUR with time**

# Summary - 3

## Estimated Ultimate Recoveries (mstb) by method & history interval

Method	6 mons	1 yr	3 yrs
Arps	5,172	516	230
Modified Arps	490	339	216
Duong	na	365	166
SEDM	43	124	139

EUR from current production = 157 mstb

# Recommendations for Unconventional Wells in Transient Flow

- Continue to use modified Arps method to forecast future performance.
- Forecasts with modified Arps method are more accurate if constrained by offset and/or analogous wells—
  - Initial decline parameters –  $q_i$ ,  $b$ ,  $D_i$
  - Terminal decline rate –  $D_e \text{ min}$

# Thank you!

[jseidle@mhausa.com](mailto:jseidle@mhausa.com)

**303-277-0270**

