Have Gas: Will Travel The Present and Future of LNG

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Cautionary statements

Forward-looking statements

The information in this presentation includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. The words "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "budget," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "initial," "intend," "may," "model," "plan," "potential," "project," "should," "will," "would," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements in this presentation relate to, among other things, future contracts and contract terms, margins, returns and payback periods, future cash flows and production, delivery of LNG, future costs, prices, financial results, liquidity and financing, future demand and supply affecting LNG and general energy markets and other aspects of our business and our prospects and those of other industry participants.

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Plans for the Permian Global Access Pipeline and Haynesville Global Access Pipeline projects discussed herein are in the early stages of development and numerous aspects of the projects, such as detailed engineering and permitting, have not commenced. Accordingly, the nature, timing, scope and benefits of those projects may vary significantly from our current plans due to a wide variety of factors, including future changes to the proposals. Although the Driftwood pipeline project is significantly more advanced in terms of engineering, permitting and other factors, its construction, budget and timing are also subject to significant risks and uncertainties.

Projected future cash flows as set forth herein may differ from cash flows determined in accordance with GAAP.

The financial information on slides 8 and 19-23 is meant for illustrative purposes only and does not purport to show estimates of actual future financial performance. The information on those slides assumes the completion of certain acquisition, financing and other transactions. Such transactions may not be completed on the assumed terms or at all. Actual commodity prices may vary materially from the commodity prices assumed for the purposes of the illustrative financial performance information.

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Reserves and resources

Estimates of non-proved reserves and resources are based on more limited information, and are subject to significantly greater risk of not being produced, than are estimates of proved reserves.



- LNG market
- Tellurian assets
- Upstream overview
- **Business model**
- Conclusion



Introducing Tellurian

- Strategy: Build a low-cost, global natural gas company
 - Upstream reserves and production
 - Pipeline infrastructure
 - LNG liquefaction
 - Global LNG marketing
- Differentiators
 - Integrated business model
 - Management team
 - Bechtel EPC contract
- Today's presentation . . . LNG market, Tellurian assets, and business model



Introducing Tellurian

	April	February		December •	• Feb/March	June
	Management, friends and family invest \$60 million in Tellurian	Merge with Magellan Petroleum, gaining access to public marke	ts	Raise approximately \$100 million in public equity	Announce open seasons for Haynesville Global Access Pipeline and Permian Global Access Pipeline	Raise approximately \$115 million in public equity
2016 2017				2018		
	December	OTAL invests 207 million in Tellurian	June Bechtel, Chart Industries and GE complete the front-end engineering and design (FEED) study for Driftwood LNG	November • Acquire Haynesville acreage, production and ~1.4 Tcf Execute LSTK EPC contract with Bechtel for ~\$15 billion	March Solution Solutio	eptember • December • priftwood LNG eceives Draft nvironmental mpact tatement DEIS) from ERC



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7 LNG Market

2018 LNG hub price ~\$10/mmBtu = JKM



Sources: Platts, Tellurian research.

Note: (1) Based on full development of Driftwood LNG terminal, assuming JKM price of \$10/mmBtu, a shipping rate of \$1.50/mmBtu and a delivered FOB cost of \$3.00/mmBtu.



Global commodity requires low-cost solutions



Sources: Kpler, Maran Gas, IHS, Wood Mackenzie.

Notes: LNG storage assumes half of fleet is in ballast, 2.9 Bcf capacity per vessel. Average cargo size ~2.9 Bcf, assuming 150,000 m³ ship. In 2017, approximately a third of all LNG cargoes are estimated to be spot volumes. Based on line of sight supply through 2020.



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Driftwood LNG terminal

Driftwood LNG terminal						
Land	 ~1,000 acres near Lake Charles, LA 					
Capacity	■ ~27.6 mtpa					
Trains	 Up to 20 trains of ~1.38 mtpa each Chart heat exchangers GE LM6000 PF+ compressors 					
Storage	 3 storage tanks 235,000 m³ each 					
Marine	 3 marine berths 					
EPC Cost	 ~\$550 per tonne ~\$15.2 billion⁽¹⁾ 					





Note: (1) Based on engineering, procurement, and construction agreements executed with Bechtel.



Pipeline network

Bringing low-cost gas to Southwest Louisiana



Note: (1) Included in Driftwood Holdings at full development; commercial and regulatory processes in progress and financial structuring under review.



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Natural gas sourcing

Haynesville shale well-positioned to source natural gas for Driftwood LNG Terminal



Basin map from Goldman Sachs and rig count from Baker Hughes Rotary Rig Count report, as of January 25, 2019. Sources:

Basin

В

C

D

E



Reserve and rate mandate

- Acquire and develop long-life, low-cost natural gas resources
 - Production of ~1.5 Bcf/d starting in 2023
 - -Total resource of ~15 Tcf
 - -Scalable position
 - -Low geological risk, low reserve risk, low capital risk
 - -Operations
 - -Low cost (operating, gathering, transportation)
 - -Flexible development HBP
- Haynesville: close, prolific, cheap
- Target is to deliver gas for \$2.25/mmBtu

Rockcliff acquisition

- Tellurian acquired 9,200 net acres from Rockcliff Energy in November 2017
- Primarily located in De Soto and Red River parishes
- Existing midstream assets provide ability to cost effectively gather and deliver to market
- 100% gas
- Total net resource ~10% of total resource required for Phase 1



Key asset statistics	
Net acres	9,200
Held by production (HBP)	100%
Percent operated	92%
Net production (MMcf/d)	4
Operated producing wells	19
Identified development locations	Up to 138
Total net resource (Tcf)	1.3



Current activities

Drilling Program

- Goldman Sachs funded \$60 million term loan in September 2018 to support operated and non-operated drilling activity
- 4 operated wells
- 12 non-operated wells
- Goals:
 - 1. Validate capital and type curve
 - 2. Demonstrate ability to execute
 - 3. Make money

M&A

We are talking to everyone



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Tellurian structure

Tellurian projects annual ~\$8 cash flow/sh⁽¹⁾

- Integrated model
 - Production Company, Pipeline Network, LNG Terminal
 - Variable and operating costs expected to be \$3.00/mmBtu FOB

Financing

- ~\$8 billion in Partners' capital through investment of \$500 per tonne of LNG
- ~\$20 billion in project finance debt equates to \$1.50/mmBtu with projected interest and amortization

Tellurian

- Tellurian will retain ~12 mpta and ~40% of the assets
- Estimated \$2 billion annual cash flow to Tellurian⁽²⁾

Notes: (1) Annual cash flow per share based on anticipated \$2 billion annual cash flow to Tellurian and ~247 million shares outstanding (2) See slide 23 for estimated annual Tellurian cash flow at various assumed U.S. Gulf Coast netback prices and margin levels.





Driftwood Holdings' financing

	Full Development
 Capacity (mtpa) 	27.6
 Capital investment (\$ billions) Liquefaction terminal⁽¹⁾ Owners' cost & contingency⁽²⁾ Driftwood pipeline⁽³⁾ HGAP PGAP Upstream Fees⁽⁴⁾ Interest during construction Total capital (\$ per tonne) 	\$ 15.2 \$ 1.9 \$ 2.2 \$ 1.4 \$ 3.7 \$ 2.2 \$ 0.9 \$ 7.5 \$ 35.0 \$ 1,270
— Debt financing ⁽⁵⁾ — Pre-COD cash flows ⁽⁶⁾ • Net partners' capital	\$ (20.0) <u>\$ (7.0)</u> \$ 8.0
 Transaction price (\$ per tonne) Capacity split Partner 	\$500 <u>mtpa</u> 16.0 <u>%</u> 58%
— Tellurian	11.6 42%
Notes: (1) Based on engineering, procurement, and construction agreements executed with Bechtel. (5) Project find	nce debt to be borrowed by Driftwood Holdings.

(2) Approximately half of owners: costs represent contingency; the remaining amounts consist of cost estimates related to statting prior to commissioning, estimated impact of inflation and foreign exchange rates, spare parts and other estimated costs. (3) Represents estimated costs of development of Driftwood pipeline in phases.

(4) Preliminary estimate of certain costs associated with potential management fee to be paid by Driftwood Holdings to Tellurian and certain transaction costs

(6) Cash flows prior to commercial operations date of Plant 5.



Driftwood Holdings' operating costs

\$/mmBtu



Sources: Wood Mackenzie, Tellurian Research.

Notes: (1) Drilling and completion based on well cost of \$10.2 million, 15.5 Bcf EUR, and 75.00% net revenue interest ("NRI") (8/8ths).

(2) Gathering processing and transportation includes transportation cost to Driftwood pipeline or to market.
(3) Based on debt service cost of principal and interest related to ~\$20.0 billion of project finance debt.



Returns to Driftwood Holdings' partners

		U.S. Gulf Coast netback price (\$/mmBtu)			
		\$6.00	\$8.00	\$10.00	\$15.00
•	Driftwood LNG, FOB U.S. Gulf Coast (\$/mmBtu)	\$(4.50)	\$(4.50)	\$(4.50)	\$(4.50)
•	Margin (\$/mmBtu)	1.50	3.50	5.50	10.50
•	Annual partner cash flow ⁽¹⁾ (\$ millions per tonne)	80	180	290	550
-	Cash on cash return ⁽²⁾	16%	36%	57%	109%
•	Payback ⁽³⁾ (years)	6	3	2	1

Notes: (1) Annual partner cash flow equals the margin multiplied by 52 mmBtu per tonne.

(2) Based on 1 mtpa of capacity in Driftwood Holdings; all estimates before federal income tax; does not reflect potential impact of management fees paid to Tellurian.
 (3) Payback period based on full production.



Value to Tellurian Inc.

		2 Plants		5 Plar	nts
USGC netback (\$/mmBtu)	Margin⁽¹⁾ (\$/mmBtu)	Annual cash flows ⁽²⁾ (\$ millions)	Cash flow per share⁽³⁾ (\$/share)	Annual cash flows ⁽²⁾ (\$/millions)	Cash flow per share⁽³⁾ (\$/share)
\$ 6.00	\$ 1.50	\$ 235	\$ 0.95	\$ 905	\$ 3.66
\$ 8.00	\$ 3.50	\$ 545	\$ 2.21	\$2,110	\$ 8.55
\$10.00	\$ 5.50	\$ 860	\$ 3.47	\$3,320	\$13.43
\$15.00	\$10.50	\$1,640	\$ 6.63	\$6,335	\$25.64

Notes: (1) \$4.50/mmBtu cost of LNG FOB Gulf Coast.

(2) Annual cash flow equals the margin multiplied by 52 mmBtu per tonne; does not reflect potential impact of management fees paid to Tellurian nor G&A.

(3) Represents the fully diluted cash flow per share based on total outstanding shares of 241 million in common stock and 6 million shares of preferred stock as converted.



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Conclusion

- Tellurian's business model is designed to provide investors with access to the U.S. integrated value chain capable of providing low-cost, flexible LNG globally
- The Haynesville is an ideal source of low-cost gas with consistent drilling results and proximity to Gulf Coast petrochemical users and LNG export capacity
- The U.S. is best positioned to meet global LNG supply needs with access to abundant low-cost gas and a track record of building low-cost liquefaction

Source: Kpler





Final Investment Decision expected 1H 2019

Milestone

- Fully-wrapped EPC contract
- Draft FERC EIS
- Final FERC EIS
- Final FERC Order
- Final Investment Decision
- Notice to Proceed to Bechtel
- First LNG

Target date

- November 2017
- September 2018
- January 2019
 - 1H 2019
- 1H 2019
- 1H 2019
- 2023

